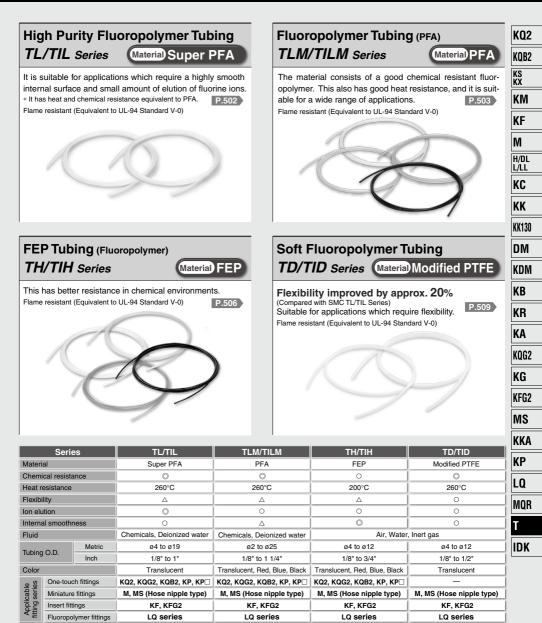
Fluoropolymer Tubing Variations TL/TIL/TLM/TILM/TH/TIH/TD/TID Series

RoHS



©: Very good O: Good △: Moderate

The comparison table shown above was prepared based on a relative comparison taking the characteristics of each fluoropolymer tubing into consideration.

High Purity Fluoropolymer Tubing TL/TIL Series

Series and Specifications

Material: Super PFA Flame resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)

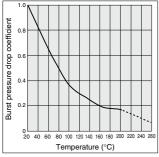
RoHS

		Met	tric sizes	(TL seri	es)		Inch sizes (TIL series)								
model	TL0403	TL0604	TL0806	TL1008	TL1210	TL1916	TIL01	TILB01	TIL05	TIL07	TIL11	TIL13	TIL19	TIL25	
diameter	-	-	-	-	_	-	1/8"	1/8"	3/16"	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"	3/4"	1"	
	ø4 x ø3	ø6 x ø4	ø8 x ø6	ø10 x ø8	ø12 x ø10	ø19 x ø16	1/8" x 0.086"	1/8" x 1/16"	3/16" x 1/8"	1/4" x 5/32"	3/8" x 1/4"	1/2" x 3/8"	3/4" x 5/8"	1" x 7/8"	
Basic diameter	4	6	8	10	12	19	3.18	3.18	4.75	6.35	9.53	12.7	19.05	25.4	
Tolerance		±0.1			+0).2).1			±0.1		+0.2				
Basic diameter	0.5 1					1.5	0.5	0.8	0.8	1.2		1.6			
Tolerance	±0.05		±C).1		±0.15	±0.05	±0.08	±0.08	±0.12		±0	15		
10 m	_	_	-	٠	٠	•	-	-	-	-	•	٠	-	_	
20 m	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	
50 m	•	٠	•	٠	•	•	•	-	•	٠	•	٠	•	•	
100 m	•	٠	•	٠	•	•	•	-	•	٠	•	۲	•	_	
16 m (50 ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	٠	•	٠	•	•	
33 m (100 ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
2 m	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	
						Trans	lucent (c	color of m	aterial)						
ble fluid					R	efer to th	e applica	able fluid	in page 5	511.					
le fittings	FI	uoropoly	/mer Fitti	ngs LQ s											
					-		-	-		-	-	-		0.5	
100°C	0.45	0.64	0.43	0.33	0.27	0.24	0.59	0.92	0.62	0.73	0.62	0.43	0.26	0.19	
200°C	0.21	0.29	0.20	0.15	0.12	0.11	0.27	0.42	0.28	0.34	0.28	0.20	0.12	0.09	
260°C	0.09	0.12	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.11	0.17	0.12	0.14	0.12	0.08	0.05	0.04	
e (MPa at 20°C)	4.9	6.9	4.7	3.6	2.9	2.6	6.4	9.9	6.7	7.9	6.7	4.6	2.8	2.0	
Recommended radius	35	35	60	100	130	220	20	10	25	35	60	95	220	400	
Tube close bend radius	20	20	40	65	110	160	12	6	20	20	30	60	160	290	
perature (Fixed use)							26	30°C							
							Sup	er PFA							
	diameter size <u>Glamice</u> Tolerance <u>Tolerance</u> 10 m 20 m 20 m 20 m 10 m (50 ft) 33 m (100 ft) 2 m ble fluid le fittings 20°C 100°C 200°C 200°C (MPa d20C) Remendedatas Tacceterdatas	diameter − size 04 x 03 Brasic 04 Glarneter 4 Tolerance ±0.05 Tolerance ±0.05 Tolerance ±0.05 Tom − 20 m ● 50 m ● 100 m ● 18 m (50 ft) − 33 m (100 ft) − 2 m ● ole fluid ● effittings F [†] 20°C 1.0 100°C 0.45 200°C 0.09 (MPa at20°C) 4.9 Reamendidus 35 Tacketteridus 20	model TL0403 TL0604 diameter - - size 04 x 03 06 x 04 Banic 4 6 Tolerance ±0 Banic 0.5 Tolerance ±0.05 10 m - 20 m ● 50 m ● 100 m ● 100 m ● 100 m ● 20 m ● 20 m ● 100 m ● 20 m 0.20 20 n 0.21 20 n 0.21 200 °C 0.21 200 °C 0.09 20 °C 0.29 20 °C 0.20 12 warenaddada 35 <t< th=""><th>model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 diameter - - - size 04 x 03 06 x 04 08 x 06 Banic 4 6 8 Tolerance ±0.1 - - Banicetr 0.5 ±0.1 - Banicetr 0.5 ±0.1 - Banicetr 0.5 ±0.1 - Banicetr 0.5 ±0.1 - Com ● ● - - 20 m ● ● ● - 100 m ● ● - - 2 m ● ● ● - 2 m ● ● - - 2 m ● ● ● - 2 m ● ● 0.29 0.20 20°C 0.21 0.29 0.20 20.20 20°C 0.21 0.29 0.20 40</th><th>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</th><th>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</th><th>model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1008 TL1210 TL120 TL200 TL20 T20</th><th>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</th><th>model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1210 TL1216 TIL01 TIL801 diameter - - - - - 1/8" 1/8" size o4 x o3 o6 x o4 o8 x o6 o1 x o8 of 2 x o10 o1 y x o16 18" x 010eff 18" x 1/16" Bancer 4 6 8 10 12 19 x 016 18" x 010eff 18" x 1/16" Bancer 0.5 1 1.5 0.5 0.8 3.18 Tolerance ±0.1 ±0.15 ±0.05 ±0.08 100 12 19 x 016 18" x 0.06 ±0.08 10m - - - 0.5 0.8 Tolerance ±0.05 ±0.08 100 -</th><th>model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1008 TL1210 TL1916 TIL01 TIL01 TIL05 diameter - - - - - 1/8" 3/16" size o4 x o3 o6 x o4 o8 x o6 o10 x o8 o12 x o10 p19 x o16 18" x 000 t18" x 18" 3/16" 3/16" size o4 x o3 o6 x o4 o8 x o6 o10 x o8 o12 x o10 p19 x o16 18" x 000" 18" x 18" 3/16" size o4 x o3 o6 x o4 o8 x o6 o10 x o8 o12 x o10 p19 x o16 18" x 000" 18" x 18" 3/16" diameter 0.5 1 1.5 0.5 0.8 0.8 Tolerance ±0.1 ±0.15 ±0.05 ±0.08 ±0.08 ±0.08 10 m - - - - - - - 20 m • • • • - - - 10 m - - - - • • - • • 10 m • • • • <td< th=""><th>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</th><th>model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1008 TL1210 TL101 TIL01 TIL05 TIL07 TIL11 diameter - - - - - 1/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 3/8" 1/8" 1/8" 3/8" 1/8"</th><th>model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1210 TL1916 TIL01 TIL05 TIL07 TIL11 TIL13 diameter - - - - - 1/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 1/2" 3/8"</th><th>$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</th></td<></th></t<>	model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 diameter - - - size 04 x 03 06 x 04 08 x 06 Banic 4 6 8 Tolerance ±0.1 - - Banicetr 0.5 ±0.1 - Banicetr 0.5 ±0.1 - Banicetr 0.5 ±0.1 - Banicetr 0.5 ±0.1 - Com ● ● - - 20 m ● ● ● - 100 m ● ● - - 2 m ● ● ● - 2 m ● ● - - 2 m ● ● ● - 2 m ● ● 0.29 0.20 20°C 0.21 0.29 0.20 20.20 20°C 0.21 0.29 0.20 40	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1008 TL1210 TL120 TL200 TL20 T20	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1210 TL1216 TIL01 TIL801 diameter - - - - - 1/8" 1/8" size o4 x o3 o6 x o4 o8 x o6 o1 x o8 of 2 x o10 o1 y x o16 18" x 010eff 18" x 1/16" Bancer 4 6 8 10 12 19 x 016 18" x 010eff 18" x 1/16" Bancer 0.5 1 1.5 0.5 0.8 3.18 Tolerance ±0.1 ±0.15 ±0.05 ±0.08 100 12 19 x 016 18" x 0.06 ±0.08 10m - - - 0.5 0.8 Tolerance ±0.05 ±0.08 100 -	model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1008 TL1210 TL1916 TIL01 TIL01 TIL05 diameter - - - - - 1/8" 3/16" size o4 x o3 o6 x o4 o8 x o6 o10 x o8 o12 x o10 p19 x o16 18" x 000 t18" x 18" 3/16" 3/16" size o4 x o3 o6 x o4 o8 x o6 o10 x o8 o12 x o10 p19 x o16 18" x 000" 18" x 18" 3/16" size o4 x o3 o6 x o4 o8 x o6 o10 x o8 o12 x o10 p19 x o16 18" x 000" 18" x 18" 3/16" diameter 0.5 1 1.5 0.5 0.8 0.8 Tolerance ±0.1 ±0.15 ±0.05 ±0.08 ±0.08 ±0.08 10 m - - - - - - - 20 m • • • • - - - 10 m - - - - • • - • • 10 m • • • • <td< th=""><th>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</th><th>model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1008 TL1210 TL101 TIL01 TIL05 TIL07 TIL11 diameter - - - - - 1/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 3/8" 1/8" 1/8" 3/8" 1/8"</th><th>model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1210 TL1916 TIL01 TIL05 TIL07 TIL11 TIL13 diameter - - - - - 1/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 1/2" 3/8"</th><th>$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</th></td<>	$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1008 TL1210 TL101 TIL01 TIL05 TIL07 TIL11 diameter - - - - - 1/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/4" 3/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 1/8" 3/8" 1/8" 1/8" 3/8" 1/8"	model TL0403 TL0604 TL0806 TL1210 TL1916 TIL01 TIL05 TIL07 TIL11 TIL13 diameter - - - - - 1/8" 3/16" 1/4" 3/8" 1/2" 3/8"	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	

Interestination is the product at a temperature other than those shown in the table above, use it at a maximum operating pressure or tess that is calculated from the following formula. (Max. operating pressure) = 1/4 x (burst pressure forg coefficient) x (burst pressure at 20°C)
Note 2) When using a fluid in liquid form, the surge pressure must be no more than the maximum operating pressure at 20°C)
Note 2) When using a fluid in liquid form, the surge pressure must be no more than the maximum operating pressure at 20°C)
Note 2) When using a fluid in liquid form, the surge pressure must be no more than the maximum operating pressure there is that is calculated from the tube pursuing.
Note 3) Don tube this flyoduct in a manner in which the tube is no flex of Cheerey the isservate of the maximum operating pressure between the tubing and fitting. A flanderial drage or at long duration or due to high-temperature may cause takage. Perform periodic maintenance and replace with a new product maximal difficult and flight and there is a durated is a durated is a sequence of the second shown above does not apply to the straight pipe (2 m)

Note 5) As for other commercial items, there are some cares it is not able to connect due to tolerance of dimensions. Note 6) Fluid varies depending on the applicable fittings.

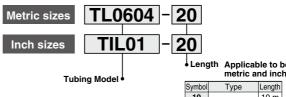
Burst pressure drop curve



Eluting fluorine ion amount Note 7) (µg/g	Elutina	fluorine	ion amount	Note 7) (µg/g
---	---------	----------	------------	---------------

Туре	Fluorine ion
Eluting amount	0.1 or less

A 15 g piece of fluororesin tubing is cut off, washed in DI water (puer water) and immersed in 15 mL of 25% methyl alcohol extract at room temperature for 24 hours. Then the extract is diluted with DI water (puer water) to be subjected to a quantitative analysis of fluorine ions.



Eluting metal ion amount Note 7)	(ng/cm ²
----------------------------------	---------------------

Туре	Al	Fe	Ni	Na	Ca
Eluting amount	4.5	0.3	0.2	7.1	1.3

The interior of the fluororesin tubing is washed with super deionized water Approximately 20 g of super high purity hydrofluoric acid (48%) is measured and injected into the tubing. The interior wall of the tubing is immersed at normal temperature for one week with both ends of the tubing plugged. Then the extract was diluted with super deionized water to be subjected to a quantitative analysis on AI, Fe, Ni, Na and Ca by the stripping method.

side

minimum bending radius At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of

How to measure the

2R

change is 5%.

		Applicable to both metric and inch size							
Symbol		Туре		Length					
10				10 m					

Symbol	Type	Lengin
10		10 m
20	Boll	20 m
50		50 m
100		100 m
2S	Straight	2 m

Length Applicable to inch size only,

Symbol	Туре	Length		
16	Boll	16 m (50 ft)		
33	Roll	33 m (100 ft)		

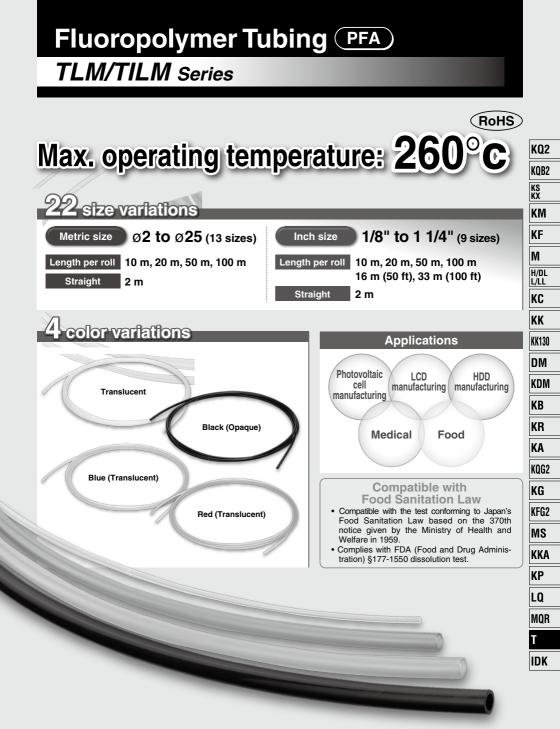
Please refer to the "Series and Specifications" above, as the tubing length differs depending on each size.

Note 7) Figures shown in tables are representative values, not guaranteed values





How to Order



Fluoropolymer Tubing (PFA) **Metric Size** TLM Series



Flame resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)

RoHS

	Si	ze								Metric size	9					
	Mo	del		TLM020	TLM0302	TLM0425	TLM0403	TLM0604	TLM0806	TLM1075	TLM1008	TLM1209	TLM1210	TLM1613	TLM1916	TLM2522
	Tubin	g size		ø2 x ø1	ø3 x ø2	ø4 x ø2.5	ø4 x ø3	ø6 x ø4	ø8 x ø6	ø10 x ø7.5	ø10 x ø8	ø12 x ø9	ø12 x ø10	ø16 x ø13	ø19 x ø16	ø25 x ø22
	0.D.	(mm)		2	3	4	4	6	8	10	10	12	12	16	19	25
	I.D.	(mm)		1	2	2.5	3	4	6	7.5	8	9	10	13	16	22
Length	per roll	Color	Symbol	1												
	10 m	Translucent	N							•	۲	۲	۲	۲	۲	
		Translucent		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
		Red (Translucent)	R	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Roll		Blue (Translucent)		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
		Black (Opaque)	В	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	50 m	Translucent	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	100 m	Translucent	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Straight	2 m	Translucent	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
						Inch O	.D. size		nch O.D. siz	e		0032m	nm is availa	hle in ø 1/8 i	inch (3 18 m	nm) tubina

Specifications

Fluid Note 1) 2) 3) and applicable fittings Note 1) 2) 3)		Fluid: Re	efer to "Ap	plicable FI	uid List" or	n page 512	2. Fitting	s: Fluoropo	olymer fitti	ngs LQ se	ries			
		Fluid: Ai	luid: Air, Water, Inert gas Fittings: One-touch fittings KQ2, KQG2, KQB2, Clean One-touch fittings KP, KP										, KP□	
			Insert fittings KF, KFG2, Miniature fittings M, MS (Hose nipple type)											
Max. operating	pressure (MPa)	Refer to the max. operating pressure curve.												
Min. bending	Recommended radius	10	20	20	35	35	60	95	100	100	130	160	220	400
radius (mm) Note 4)	Tube close bend radius	7	15	15	20	20	40	60	65	65	110	130	160	290
Max. operating	260°C													
Material		PFA (Tetrafluoroethylene perfluoroalkoxy vinyl ether copolymer)												

5/16"

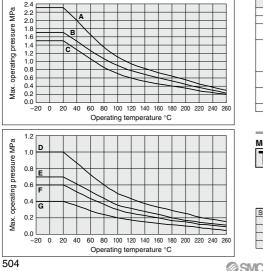
5/32"

Insterial
 Prevention
 Pr

Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.
The tube may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius. Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tube is not bent or flattened.

· Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the method in the right figure if the tube is bent or flattened, etc. • The minimum bending radius shown above does not apply to the straight pipe (2 m)

Max. Operating Pressure



Group	Model	Ma	Max. operating pressure (MPa)									
Circup		20°C	100°C	200°C	260°C							
Α	TLM0201	2.3	1.1	0.55	0.3							
B	TLM0425	1.7	0.9	0.45	0.23							
с	TLM0302	1.5	0.7	0.35	0.2							
C	TLM0604	1.5	0.7	0.35	0.2							
	TLM0403											
D	TLM0806	-	0.5	0.25	0.15							
	TLM1075				0.15							
	TLM1209											
Е	TLM1008	0.7	0.35	0.17	0.11							
-	TLM1613	0.7	0.35	0.17	0.11							
F	TLM1210	0.6	0.3	0.15	0.1							
_ r	TLM1916	0.0	0.3	0.15	0.1							
G	TLM2522	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.05							

How to Order



Color indication

ymbol	Color
Ν	Translucent (Material color)
R	Red (Translucent)
BU	Blue (Translucent)
в	Black (Opaque)

Leng	th per roll	
Symbol	Type	Length
10		10 m
20	Boll	20 m
50	ROIL	50 m

2S Straight 2 m Note) Refer to the table "Series" above, as the tubing length differs depending on each size.

100 m

100





For details, refer to the table "Series" on page 505.

At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of change is 5%.

Fluoropolymer Tubing (PFA) Inch Size TILM Series

Series

Flame resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)

RoHS

	S	ze						Inch size					KQ2	
	Mo	odel		TILM01	TILMB01	TILM05	TILM07	TILM11	TILM13	TILM19	TILM25	TILM32	RUZ	
	Tubin	g size		1/8" x 0.086"	1/8" x 1/16"	3/16" x 1/8"	1/4" x 5/32"	3/8" x 1/4"	1/2" x 3/8"	3/4" x 5/8"	1" x 7/8"	1 ¹ /4" x 1 ¹ /10"		
	D.D.	inch		1/8"	1/8"	3/16"	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"	3/4"	1"	1 ¹ /4"	KQB2	
	J.D.	mm		3	18	4.75	6.35	9.53	12.7	19.05	25.4	31.75		
	I.D.	inch		0.086"	1/16"	1/8"	5/32"	1/4"	3/8"	5/8"	7/8"	1 ¹ /10"	KS	
	I.D.	mm		2.18	1.58	3.15	3.95	6.33	9.5	15.85	22.2	27.95	KX	
Lenat	n per roll	Color	Symbol	1										
	10 m				· ·	1		•	•	· ·			KM	
		Translucent	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
			Red (Translucent)	R	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1/5
	20 m	Blue (Translucent)		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	KF	
Roll		Black (Opaque)	В	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
	50 m	Translucent	N	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	M	
	100 m	Translucent	N	•		•	•	•	•	•			IVI	
	16 m (50 ft)	Translucent	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	H/DL	
	33 m (100 ft)	Translucent	N	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Straight	2 m	Translucent	N	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	L/LL	
										•			1/0	
					D.D. size							/16" is available	KC	
					.2	J		in ø8 m	etric tubing. For	details, refer to	the table "Serie	s" on page 504.		
• ••••	- 161												KK	

Specifications

Fluid Note 1) 2) 3)	^(1) 2) 3) and Fluid: Refer to "Applicable Fluid List" on page 512. Fittings: Fluoropolymer fittings LQ series									
applicable fitti	ngs Note 1) 2) 3)	Fluid: Air, Wa	Fluid: Air, Water, Inert gas Fittings: One-touch fittings KQ2, KQG2, KQB2, Insert fittings KFG2							
Max. operating	pressure (MPa)			R	efer to the max	. operating pre	ssure curve.			
Min. bending	Recommended radius	20	10	25	35	60	95	220	400	500
radius (mm) Note 4)	Tube close bend radius	12	6	20	20	30	60	160	290	360
Max. operating	Max. operating temperature 260°C									
Material				PEA (Totra	fluoroethylene	nerfluoroalkov	w vinvl ether c	onolymer)		

Note 1) Fluid varies depending on the applicable fittings. Note 2) When using a liquid fluid, the surge pressure must not exceed the maximum operating pressure. If the surge pressure

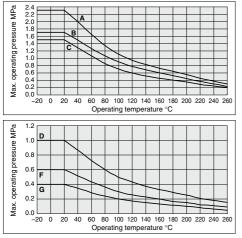
Note 2) When using a liquid fluid, the surge pressure must not exceed the maximum operating pressure. It the surge pressure exceeds the maximum operating pressure, it will result in damage to fittings and tubes. Furthermore, abnormal temperature rise caused by adiabatic compression may result in the tube bursting.
Note 3) Do not use this product in a manner in which the tube is not fixed. Observe the lesser value of the maximum operating pressure between the tube and fitting. A material change over a long duration or due to high-temperature may cause leakage. Perform periodic maintenance and replace with a new product immediately when abnormalities are detected. (Refer to "Maintenance" of the tubing precautions on page 514.)
For other precautions, refer to "Fittings & Tubing Precautions" on pages 13 to 17. When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446.
Note 4) Minimum bending radius is measured as shown left as representative values.

Here to the preceduous on pages 440 and 470.
 Here 10 the preceduous on pages 440 and 470.
 Here 4 Minimum bending radius is measured as shown left as representative values.
 • Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.
 • The tube may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius. Therefore, refer to the tube close

bend radius and make sure that the tube is not bent or flattened. • Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the method in the right figure if the tube is bent or flattened, etc.

The minimum bending radius shown above does not apply to the straight pipe (2 m).

Max. Operating Pressure



			ondingo	10 0 /0.		. KFG2				
Group	Model	Max. operating pressure (MPa)								
Group	woder	20°C	100°C	200°C	260°C					
A	TILMB01	2.3	1.1	0.55	0.3	MS				
В	TILM07	1.7	0.9	0.45	0.23					
с	TILM05	1.5	0.7	0.35	0.2	KKA				
Ŭ	TILM11	1.5	0.7	0.55	0.2	NNA				
D	TILM01	1	0.5	0.25	0.15					
	TILM13	1	0.5	0.23	0.15	KP				
F	TILM19	0.6	0.3	0.15	0.1					
G	TILM25	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.05					
G	TILM32	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.05	LQ				

How to Order

No



igna	

SMC

Color indication									
Symbol	Color								
N	Translucent (Material color)								
R	Red (Translucent)								
BU	Blue (Translucent)								
В	Black (Opaque)								

)						
eng	th per roll					
/mbol	Туре	Length				
10		10 m				
20		20 m				
50		50 m				
100	Roll	100 m				
16		16 m (50 ft)				
33		33 m (100 ft)				
2S	Straight	2 m				
te) Ref the	er to the table " tubing length	Series" above, as differs depending				

How to measure the

Fixed end

on each size.

KK130 DM KDM minimum bending radius KB KR KA KQG2 At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point KG where the outside diameter's rate of change is 5%. KFG2

MQR

IDK

T

FEP Tubing (Fluoropolymer) Metric Size **TH Series**



Operating Temperature: Max. 200°C

It varies depending on the operating pressure. Refer to the graph for the maximum operating pressure.

Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.
- Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177-1550 dissolution test.

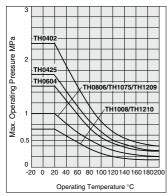
Flame Resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)

How to measure the minimum bending radius.



At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of change is 5%.

Max. Operating Pressure



Note) The maximum operating pressure varies dependant on the I.D. bore size even if the O.D. is the same.

Series							●-20 m	roll □-1	00 m roll			
			Metric size									
Model		TH0402	TH0425	TH0604	TH0806	TH1075	TH1008	TH1209	TH1210			
Tubing O.D.	(mm)	4	4	6	8	10	10	12	12			
Tubing I.D.	(mm)	2	2.5	4	6	7.5	8	9	10			
Color	Symbol											
Translucent	N	-6-	-6-	-6-	-6-	-6-	-6-	-6-	-6-			
Red (Translucent)	R	—	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	- T			
Blue (Translucent)	BU	⊢	_ i _	_ i _	_ i _	_ i _	_ i _	_ i _	_ i			
Black (Opaque)	в	⊢	_ _	_ _	_ _	_∳_	_ _	_ — ———————————————————————————————————	_∳_			
Specific	atior	5/3 1 S	32"		5/16"							
Fluid		Air, Water Note 1), Inert gas										
Applicable fittings	Note 2)	Fluoro	olymer	gs, Inser fittings: L s: M, MS	Q series		ople type	:)				
	20°C	2.3	1.7	1.5		1	0.7	1	0.7			
Max. operating	100°C	0.85	0.6	0.55	0	.4	0.25	0.4	0.25			
pressure (MPa)	200°C	0.4	0.3	0.3	0	.2	0.1	0.2	0.1			
		Refer to the max. operating pressure curve.										
radius	radius		20	35	60 95		100		130			
(mm) rote 4) radiu	•	10	15	20	40	60	6	-	110			
Operating temp	erature	Air, Ir	<u> </u>	-20 to 2				,	ezing)			
Material		FEP (Fluorinated Ethylene Propylene Resin)										

RoHS

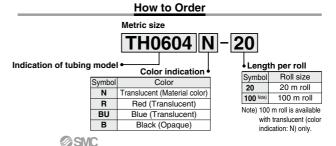
Note 1) When using a fluid in liquid form, the surge pressure must not exceed the maximum operating pressure. A surge pressure higher than the maximum operating pressure can cause breakage of the fittings, or rupture of the tubing. Furthermore, an abnormal temperature increase due to adiabatic compression can also result in ruptured tubing.

Note 2) Do not use in locations where the FEP tubing will move. Be sure to operate under the maximum operating pressure conditions using the lower maximum operating specification of either the tubing or fittings.

After long term use or under high temperatures, some fittings leakage may occur due to material delerioration with age. Perform periodic inspections, and if any leakage is detected, replace with a new product immediately. When the insert and miniature fittings are used over extended periods of time, it may cause leakage due to the material deterioration of age. In such a case, give an additional tightening to the tube connection part. If leakage still occurs after giving an additional tightening, replace the fitting with a new product. For other precautions, refer to "Fittings & Tubing Precautions". When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446. Select the size after confirming O.D. and I.D.

Note 3) TH0402, TH0425, TH1075 and TH1209 are not available because of different internal diameters.

- Note 4) The minimum bending radius is the representative value measured as shown in the left figure.
 - · Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.
 - The tubing may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius. Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tubing is not bent or flattened.
 - Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the
 method in the left figure if the tubing is bent or flattened, etc.



Made to Order

(Please contact SMC for specifications in detail, dimensions, delivery and specifications other than those mentioned above.)

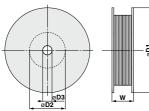
Reinforced corrugated cardboard specification (onger length read) 66, Translucent only: Suffix "-X64" to the end of part number. Ex.) TH0604N-500-X64 (onger length read)

Made to Order Availability

Part no.	Length	TH0604N	Color
X64	250 m reel	0	Translucent
A04	500 m reel	Ó	ransiucent

Reinforced corrugated cardboard specification: Longer length reel/-X64

Dimensions



Dimensions					
Model	øD1	ø D2	ø D3	w	Weight (kg)
TH0604N-250-X64	475	200	52	120	9.4
TH0604N-500-X64	475	200	52	220	18.5

KQ2
KQB2
KS KX
KM
KF
М
H/DL L/LL
KC
KK
KK130
DM
KDM
KB
KR
KA
KQG2
KG
KFG2
MS
KKA
KP
LQ
MQR
Т
IDK

FEP Tubing (Fluoropolymer) Inch Size **TIH Series**



Operating Temperature: Max. 200°C

It varies depending on the operating pressure. Refer to the graph for the maximum operating pressure.

Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.
- Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177-1550 dissolution test.

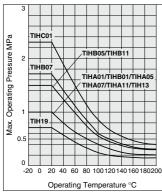
Flame Resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)

How to measure the minimum bending radius.



At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of change is 5%.

Max. Operating Pressure



Note) The maximum operating pressure varies dependant on the I.D. bore size even if the O.D. is the same.

Series							●-16 n	n (50 ft	i) roll	□-33	m (100) ft) roll
Inch s												
Model		TIHA01	TIHB01	TIHC01	TIHA05	TIHB05	TIHA07	TIHB07	TIHA11	TIHB11	TIH13	TIH19
Tubing O.D.	inch		1/8"		3/1	16"	1/	4"	3/	8"	1/2"	3/4"
Tubing O.D.	mm		3.18		4.	4.75		6.35		53	12.7	19.05
Tubing I.D.	inch	0.093"	0.086"	0.065"	0.137"	0.124" (1/8")	0.18"	0.156" (5/32")	0.275"	0.25" (1/4")	0.374" (3/8")	0.624" (5/8")
-	mm	2.36	2.18	1.65	3.48	3.15	4.57	3.95	6.99	6.33	9.5	15.85
Color	Symbol											
Translucent	N	H.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-•
Red (Translucent)	R	┣╋-	- - -	- - -	- - -						- - -	- ₩
Blue (Translucent)	BU	┝╋╴		-•	-•	-•	-•	-•	-•			_∳_
Black (Opaque)	В	┝╋╴	-•	-•	-•	-•	-•	-•				_∳_
Specific	atio	าร										

RoHS

Fluid			Air, Water Note 1), Inert gas										
Applicable fittings Note 2)		One-touch fittings, Insert fittings, Fluoropolymer fittings: LQ series Note 3)											
		20°C	1	1	2.3	1	1.5	1	1.7	1	1.5	1	0.7
Max. operat		100°C	0.	.4	0.85	0.4	0.55	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.55	0.4	0.25
pressure (MPa)		200°C	0.2		0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1
		Refer to the max. operating pressure curve.											
Min. bending radius	Reco radiu	mmended s	25	20	10	35	25	55	35	85	60	95	220
(mm) Note 4)	Tube radius	close bend	20	12	7	25	20	35	20	55	30	60	160
Operating temperature		Air, Inert gas: -20 to 200°C Water: 0 to 100°C (No freezing)											
Material		FEP (Fluorinated Ethylene Propylene Resin)											

Note 1) When using a fluid in liquid form, the surge pressure must not exceed the maximum operating pressure. A surge pressure higher than the maximum operating pressure can cause breakage of the fittings, or rupture of the tubing. Furthermore, an abnormal temperature increase due to adiabatic compression can also result in ruptured tubing.

Note 2) Do not use in locations where the FEP tubing will move.

Be sure to operate under the maximum operating pressure conditions using the lower maximum operating specification of either the tubing or fittings.

After long term use or under high temperatures, some fittings leakage may occur due to material deterioration with age. Perform periodic inspections, and if any leakage is detected, replace with a new product immediately. When the insert and miniature fittings are used over extended periods of time, if way cause leakage due to the material deterioration of age. In such a case, give an additional tightening to the tube connection part. If leakage still occurs after giving an additional tightening, replace the fitting with a new product. For other precautions, refer to "Fittings & Tubing Precautions". When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446. Select the size after confirming O.D. and I.D.

Note 3) TIHA01, TIHC01, TIHA05, TIHA07 and TIHA11 are not available because of different internal diameters.

- Note 4) The minimum bending radius is the representative value measured as shown in the left figure.
 - Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.
 - The tubing may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius. Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tubing is not bent or flattened.
 - Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the method in the left figure if the tubing is bent or flattened, etc.

How to Order Inch size TIHA01 N - 16 Length per roll Indication of tubing model Color indication Roll size Symbol Symbol Color 16 16 m (50 ft) roll Ν Translucent (Material color) 33 Note) 33 m (100 ft) roll R Red (Translucent) Note) 33 m(100 ft) roll is BU Blue (Translucent) available with translucent R Black (Opaque) (color indication: N) only. @SMC

Soft Fluoropolymer Tubing Metric Size **TD Series**



Flexibility: Improved by approx. 20%

SMC comparison (Fluoropolymer tubing, TL/TIL series)

Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959.
- Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177-1550 dissolution test.

Operating Temperature: Max. 260°C

It varies depending on the operating pressure. Refer to the graph for the maximum operating pressure.

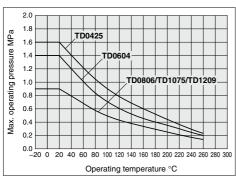
Flame Resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)





Bend the tubing into the U-form at a temperature of 20°C. Fix one end and close loop gradually. Measure 2R when the deformed ratio of the tubing diameter at bending reaches 5%.

Maximum Operating Pressure



Model/Specifications							
Size		Metric size					
Mode	el	TD0425	TD0604	TD0806	TD1075	TD1209	
Tubing O.D.	(mm)	4	6	8	10	12	
Tubing I.D. (mm)	2.5	4	6	7.5	9	
Boll	10 m	•	•	•	•	•	
ROII	20 m	•	•	•	•	•	
Color		Translucent (material color)					
Applicable fl	uid	Refer to the applicable fluid in page 511.					
Fluid Note 1)		Air, Water Note 1), Inert gas					
Applicable fittings Note 2)		Insert fittings KF series Stainless Steel 316 insert fittings KFG2 series Miniature fittings M, MS series (Hose nipple type) Fluoropolymer fitting LQ series					
	20°C	1.6	1.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	
Max. operating	100°C	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	
pressure (MPa)	200°C	0.45	0.35	0.25	0.25	0.25	
	260°C	0.23	0.2	0.15	0.15	0.15	
Min. bending	Recommended radius	15	25	45	55	75	
radius (mm) Note 3)	Tube close bend radius	8	16	31	35	41	
Max. operating temperature (fixed usage)		260°C					

 Material
 Modified PTFE (Polytetrafluoroethylene resin)

 Note 1) When using a liquid fluid, the surge pressure must be under the maximum operating pressure. If the surge pressure exceeds the maximum operating pressure, it will result in damage to fittings and tubing. Furthermore, abnormal temperature rise caused by adiabatic compression may result in the tubing bursting.

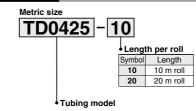
Note 2) Do not use this product in a manner in which the tubing is not fixed.

Observe the lesser value of the maximum operating pressure between the tubing and fittings. A material change over a long duration or due to high-temperature may cause leakage. Perform periodic maintenance and replace with a new product immediately when abnormalities are detected.

(Refer to "Maintenance" of the tubing precautions on page 514.)

- For other precautions, refer to "Fittings & Tubing Precautions" on pages 13 to 17. When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446.
- Note 3) The minimum bending radius is the representative value measured as shown in the left figure. • Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.
 - The tubing may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius.
 Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tubing is not bent or flattened.
 - Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the method in the left figure if the tubing is bent or flattened, etc.

How to Order



KQ2 KQB2 KS KM KF M H/DL L/LL

KC

KK

KK130

DM

KDM

KB

KR

KA

KQG2

KG

KFG2

MS

KKA

KP

LO

MOR

IDK

Soft Fluoropolymer Tubing Inch Size TID Series



Flexibility: Improved by approx. 20%

SMC comparison (Fluoropolymer tubing, TL/TIL series)

Compatible with the Food Sanitation Law

- · Compatible with the test conforming to the Food Sanitation Law based on the 370th notice given by the Ministry of Health and Welfare in 1959
- · Complies with FDA (Food and Drug Administration) §177-1550 dissolution test.

Operating Temperature: Max. 260°C

It varies depending on the operating pressure. Refer to the graph for the maximum operating pressure.

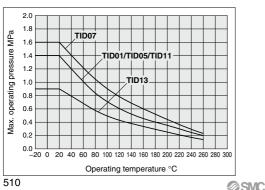
Flame Resistant (Equivalent to UL-94 Standard V-0)





Bend the tubing into the U-form at a temperature of 20°C. Fix one end and close loop gradually. Measure 2R when the deformed ratio of the tubing diameter at bending reaches 5%.

Maximum Operating Pressure



Model/Specifications

Size		Inch size					
Model		TID01	TID05	TID07	TID11	TID13	
Tubing O.D.	inch	1/8"	3/16"	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"	
Tubing O.D.	mm	3.18	4.75	6.35	9.53	12.7	
Tubing I.D.	inch	0.086"	0.124" (1/8")	0.156" (5/32")	0.25" (1/4")	0.374" (3/8")	
	mm	2.18	3.15	3.95	6.33	9.5	
Roll	8 m (25 ft)	•	•	•	•		
noii	16 m (50 ft)	•	•	•	•		
Color		Translucent (material color)					
Applicable fl	uid	Refer to the applicable fluid in page 511.					
Fluid Note 1)		Air, Water Note 1), Inert gas					
Applicable fittings Note 2)		Stainless Steel 316 insert fittings KFG2 series Fluoropolymer fitting LQ series					
	20°C	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.4	0.9	
Max. operating	100°C	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.5	
pressure (MPa)	200°C	0.35	0.35	0.45	0.35	0.25	
	260°C	0.2	0.2	0.23	0.2	0.15	
Min. bending radius (mm) Note 3)	Recommended radius	15	20	25	40	75	
	Tube close bend radius	9	10	15	23	42	
Max. operating temperature (fixed usage)		260°C					
Material		Modified PTFE (Polytetrafluoroethylene resin)					

RoHS

Note 1) When using a liquid fluid, the surge pressure must be under the maximum operating pressure. If the surge pressure exceeds the maximum operating pressure, it will result in damage to fittings and tubing. Furthermore, abnormal temperature rise caused by adiabatic compression may result in the tubing bursting.

Note 2) Do not use this product in a matter in which the tubing is not fixed.

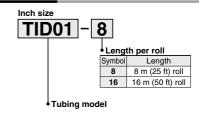
Observe the lesser value of the maximum operating pressure between the tubing and fittings. A material change over a long duration or due to high-temperature may cause leakage. Perform periodic maintenance and replace with a new product immediately when abnormalities are detected

(Refer to "Maintenance" of the tubing precautions on page 514.) For other precautions, refer to "Fittings & Tubing Precautions" on pages 13 to 17. When using the fluoropolymer fittings, refer to the precautions on pages 445 and 446.

Note 3) The minimum bending radius is the representative value measured as shown in the left figure. • Use a tube above the recommended minimum bending radius.

- . The tubing may be bent if used under the recommended minimum bending radius.
- Therefore, refer to the tube close bend radius and make sure that the tubing is not bent or flattened. Please note that the tube close bend radius is not warranted because of the value when 2R is measured by the method in the left figure if the tubing is bent or flattened, etc.

How to Order



TL/TIL/TD/TID Series Applicable Fluid List

Chemical resistance of Fluoropolymer Super PFA, modified PTFE material

Chemicals in the list below are chemically inert Note 1) to Super PFA, modified PTFE material. Possible physical effects may occur such as penetration and swelling due to temperature, pressure and chemical concentration. To use Super PFA, modified PTFE tube in a chemical environment, tests should be performed with the same environment to ensure no problem occurs with operating environment.

1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Formic acid	Trichloroethylene	KQI
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Ethyl formate	Trichloroacetic acid	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	Propyl formate	Toluene	KS
1,2-Dichlorobutane	Methyl formate	Naphtha	
2,4-Dichlorotoluene	Xylene	Carbon dioxide	KN
2-chloropropane	Glycol	Nitrogen dioxide	
2-nitro-2-methylpropane	Glycerine	Nitrobenzene	KF
2-nitrobutanol	Cresol	Nitromethane	
Pentabasic benzamide	Chromic acid	Carbon disulfide	M
Hydrochlorofluorocarbon-22	Chloracetic acid	Piperidine	
N-octadecanol	Chlorosulfonic acid	Pyridine	H/D
N-butylamine	Chloroform	Pyrogallol	
o-chlorotoluene	Paraffinum liguidum	Phenol	KC
Isobutyl adipate	Acetate	Butanol	
Acetyl chloride	Amyl acetate	Phthalic acid	КК
Acetophenone	Ethyl acetate	Hydrofluoric acid	
Acetophenone	Potassium	Furan	KK1
Aniline	Butyl acetate	Ethyl propionate	
Sulfurous acid gas	Propyl acetate	Propyl propionate	DN
Allyl chloride	Methyl acetate	Methylpropionate	
Benzoic acid	Salicylic acid	Propylene chloride	KD
Ammonium	Sodium hypochlorite	Bromobenzene	
Sulfur	Diisobutyl ketone	Hexachlorethane	КВ
	· · ·	Hexane	
Isoamyl alcohol	Diethylamine		
Isooctane Ethanol	Carbon tetrachloride Dioxane	Heptane	KR
		Benzyl alcohol	KA
Ethyl ether	Cyclohexanone	Benzaldehyde Benzine	
Ethylene glycol	Cyclohexane		VO(
Ethylene chloride	Dichloroethylene	Benzoyl chloride	KQC
Ethylenediamine	Dichloropropylene	Benzonitrile	
Zinc chloride	Dibutyl phthalate	Pentachloroethane	KG
Aluminum chloride	Dimethyl ether	Boric acid	
Ammonium chloride	Dimethylsulfoxide	Sodium boric acid	KFG
Calcium chloride	Dimethylformamide	Formaldehyde	
Ferrous chloride	Hydrobromic acid	Acetic anhydride	MS
Mercuric chloride	Potassium dichromate	Methanol	
Stannous chloride	Bromine	Methyl ether	KK
Ferric chloride	DI water (Pure water)	Methyl ethyl ketone	
Cupric chloride	Nitric acid	Methylene chloride	KP
Sodium chloride	Ammonium hydroxide	Ethyl butyrate	
Magnesium chloride	Potassium hydroxide	Methyl butyrate	LQ
Hydrochloric acid	Sodium hydroxide	Hydrogen sulfide	
Chlorine	Soap, detergent	Sulphuric acid	MQ
Aqua regia	Diethyl carbonate	Zinc sulfate	
Ozone	Sodium carbonate	Ammonium sulfate	T
Oleic acid	Tetrachloroethane	Ferrous sulfate	
Perchlorate	Tetrachloroethylene	Copper sulfate	ID
Hydrogen peroxide	Tetrahydrofuran	Phosphoric acid	
Natrium peroxide	Tetrabromoethane	Sodium phosphate	
Gasoline	Triethanolamine		
Potassium permanganate	Triethylamine		

Note 1) "Chemically inert" means - not to cause any chemical reaction.

Note 2) The data above is based on the information presented by the material manufacturers.

Note 3) The applicable fluid list provides reference values as a guide only, therefore we do not guarantee the application to our product.

Note 4) SMC is not responsible for its accuracy and any damage happened because of this data.

KQ2

TLM/TILM Series **Applicable Fluid List**Chemical resistance of Fluoropolymer PFA material

Chemicals in the list below are chemically inert Note 1), to PFA material. Possible physical effects may occur such as penetration and swelling due to temperature, pressure and chemical concentration.

To use PFA tube in a chemical environment, tests should be performed with the same environment to ensure no problem occurs with operating environment.

Acetate	Butyl stearate	Ethylene dicloride	Malic acid	Salicylic acid
Acetic anhydride	Calcium acetate	Ethylene glycol	Mercaptan	Silicate ester
Acetone	Calcium bisulfite	Ethylene oxide	Mercuric chloride	Silicone grease
Acetylene	Calcium chloride	Ethylenediamine	Mercury	Silicone oil
Acrylonitrile	Calcium hydroxide	Fatty acid	Methyl acetate	Silver nitrate
Aluminum acetate	Calcium hypochlorite	Ferric chloride	Methyl alcohol	Sodium bicarbonate
Aluminum acetate	Calcium nitrate	Ferric nitrate	Methyl chloride	Sodium bisulfate
Aluminum bromide	Calcium sulfide	Ferric sulfate	Methyl ethyl ketone	Sodium bisulfite
Aluminum chloride	Carbon dioxide	Fluorboric acid	Methyl isobutyl ketone	Sodium hypochlorite (5%)
Aluminum fluoride	Carbon disulfide	Fluorobenzene	Methyl methacrylate	Sodium metaphosphate
Aluminum sulfate	Carbonic acid	Fluosilicic acid	Methylene dichloride	Sodium nitrate
Ammonia gas	Castor oil	Formaldehyde	Mineral oil	Sodium nitrate Sodium perborate
	Caustic soda (30%)	Formic acid	Monochloroacetic acid	
Ammonium carbonate	Causile sola (50%) Cellosolve	Furfural	Monochlorobenzene	Sodium phosphate Sodium sulfite
Ammonium chloride	Chlorosulfonic acid	Gasoline	Monochlorobenzene	Sodium thiosulfate
Ammonium hydroxide				
Ammonium nitrate	Chlorotoluene	Gelatine	Naphtha	Soybean oil
Ammonium nitrite	Chromic acid	Glauber's salt Glucose	Naphthalene	Stannic chloride
Ammonium persulfate	Citric acid		Naphthenic acid	Stearic acid
Ammonium phosphate	Coconut oil	Glue	Natrium peroxide	Styrene
Ammonium sulfate	Copper cyanide	Glycerine	Natural gas	Sucrose solution
Amyl acetate	Copper sulfate	Grease	Nickel acetate	Sulfur
Amyl alcohol	Corn oil	Hexaldehyde	Nickel chloride	Sulfur chloride
Amyl borate	Cottonseed oil	Hexane	Nickel sulfate	Sulfuric acid (98%)
Amyl naphthalene	Creosote oil	Hexyl alcohol	Nitric acid (60%)	Sulfurous acid gas
Aniline	Cresol	Hydrobromic acid	Nitrobenzene	Tannic acid
Aniline dye	Cupric chloride	Hydrochloric acid	Nitroethane	Tartaric acid
Animal oil (Lard oil)	Cyclohexane	Hydrocyanic acid	Nitromethane	Terpineol
Aqua regia	Cyclohexanol	Hydrofluoric acid (49%)	Nitropropane	Tetrachloroethane
Arsenic acid	Cyclohexanone (Anon)	Hydrofluoric acid anhydrous	Octyl alcohol	Tetraethyl lead
Asphalt	Dibutyl phthalate	Hydrogen peroxide (30%)	Oxalic acid	Tetrahydrofuran
Barium chloride	Dichlorobenzene	Hydrogen sulfide	Oxygen	Tetralin
Barium hydroxide	Diethyl sebacate	Hydroquinone	Ozone	Thionyl chloride
Barium sulfate	Diethylene glycol	Hypochlorous acid	Palmitic acid	Triacetin
Barium sulfide	Diisopropyl keton	Isobutyl alcohol	Perchlorate	Tributoxy ethyl phosphate
Beer	Dioctyl phthalate	Isooctane	Perchloroethylene	Tributyl phosphate
Beet sugar liquors	Dioctyl sebacate	Isopropyl acetate	Petroleum	Trichloroethylene
Benzaldehyde	Dipentene (Limonene)	Isopropyl alcohol	Phenol	Tricresyl phosphate
Benzine	Diphenyl	Isopropyl ether	Phosphoric acid (75%)	Triethanolamine
Benzene (Benzol)	Diphenyl oxide	Kerosene	Picric acid	Tung oil
Benzyl alcohol	Epichlorohydrin	Lead acetate	Piperidine	Turpentine oil
Benzyl benzoate	Ethanolamine	Lead nitrate	Potassium chloride	Vegetable oil
Benzyl chloride	Ethyl acetate	Lead sulfamate	Potassium dichromate	Vinegar
Borax	Ethyl acetoacetate	Linolenic acid	Potassium hydroxide	Water
Boric acid	Ethyl acrylate	Linseed oil	Potassium nitrate	Whiskey
Bromine	Ethyl alcohol	Liquid ammonia	Potassium permanganate	Xylene
Bunker oil	Ethyl benzene	LPG (Liquefied petroleum gas)	Potassium sulfate	Zeolite
Butane	Ethyl cellulose	Lubricating oil	Propyl acetate	Zinc acetate
Butter	Ethyl chloride	Magnesium chloride	Propyl alcohol	Zinc chloride
Butyl acetate	Ethyl oxalate	Magnesium hydroxide	Propylene	Zinc sulfide
Butyl acrylate	Ethyl silicate	Magnesium sulfate	Pyridine	
Butyl alcohol (Butanol)	Ethylene chlorohydrin	Maleic acid	Pyrrole	
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Note 1) "Chemically inert" means - not to cause any chemical reaction.

Note 2) The data above is based on the information presented by the material manufacturers.

Note 3) The applicable fluid list provides reference values as a guide only, therefore we do not guarantee the application to our product.

Note 4) SMC is not responsible for its accuracy and any damage happened because of this data.



TH/TIH Series **Applicable Fluid List** Chemical Resistance of Fluoropolymer FEP Material

Chemicals in the list below are chemically inert Note 1) to FEP material, however physical properties may be effected by temperature or pressure change.

Please make sure that operating conditions do not cause problems since the use of FEP tubing under chemical environment is unsecured.

2-nitro-2-methyl propanol	Chloroform	Nitromethane	
2-nitrobutanol	Paraffinum liquidum	Perchloroethylene	
Pentabasic benzamide	Allyl acetate	Perphloroxylene	
N-butylamine	Ethyl acetate	Unsymmetrical dimethylhydrazine	
N-octadecanol	Potassium	Hydrazine	
N-butyl acetate	Butyl acetate	Pinene	
O-cresol	Sodium hypochlorite	Piperidine	
Di-isobutyl adipate	Carbon tetrachloride	Glacial acetic acid (Acetic acid)	
Acetophenone	Dioxane	Pyridine	
Acetone	Cyclohexanone	Phenol	
Alniline	Cyclohexane	Phthalic acid	
Abietic acid	Dimethyl ether	Dybutyl phthalate	
Sulfuric chloride	Dimethylsulfoxide	Dimethyl phthalate	
Isooctane	Dimethylformamide	Hydrofluoric acid	
Liquid ammonia	Bromine	Naphthalene fluoride	
Ethyl alcohol	DI water (Pure water)	Nitrobenzene fluoride	
Ethyl ether	Nitric acid	Furan	
Ethylene glycol	Mercury	Hexachlorethane	
Ethylenediamine	Ammonium hydroxide	Hexane	
Zinc chloride	Potassium hydroxide	Ethyl hexanoate	
Aluminum chloride	Sodium hydroxide	Phenylcarbinol	
Ammonium chloride	Cetane	Benzaldehyde	
Calcium chloride	Soap, detergent	Benzonitrile	
Sulfuric chloride	Dibutyl sebacate	Borax	
Iron chloride (III)	Diethyl carbonate	Boric acid	
Benzoyl chloride	Tetrachloroethylene	Formic aldehyde (Formalin)	
Magnesium chloride	Tetrahydrofuran	Acrylic anhydride	
Hydrochloric acid	Tetrabromoethane	Acetic anhydride	
Chlorine (absolute)	Triethanolamine	Methacrylic acid	
Aqua regia	Trichloroethylene	Allyl methacrylate	
Ozone	Trichloroacetic acid	Vinyl methacrylate	
Hydrogen peroxide	Toluene	Methyl alcohol	
Natrium peroxide	Naphtha	Methyl ethyl ketone	
Gasoline	Naphthalene	Methylene chloride	
Permanganate	Naphthol	Sulphuric acid	
Formic acid	Lead	Phosphoric acid	
Xylene	Carbon dioxide	Iron phosphate (III)	
Chromic acid	Nitrogen dioxide	Tri-n-butyl phosphate	
Chlorosulfonic acid	Nitrobenzene	Tricresyl phosphate	

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Reference cited: Teflon®, the fluoropolymer handbook, Manual for the chemical applications of Teflon®. Du Pond-Mitsui Fluorochemicals Co., Ltd.

Teflon® is a registered trademark for the fluoropolymer produced by E.I du Pond de Nemours & Company (Inc.) and Du Pond-Mitsui Fluorochemicals Co., Ltd.

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TL/TIL/TLM/TILM/TH/TIH/TD/TID Series Tubing/Precautions

Be sure to read this before handling the products.

Selection

MWarning

1. Confirm the specifications.

Products represented in this catalog are designed only for use in compressed air systems (including vacuum).

Do not operate at pressures or temperatures, etc., beyond the range of specifications, as this can cause damage or malfunction. (Refer to the specifications.)

2. In case of using the product for medical care

This product is designed for use with compressed air system applications for medical care purposes. Do not use in contact with human bodily fluids, body tissues or transfer applications to a human living body.

1. Do not use in locations where the connecting threads and tubing connection will slide or rotate.

The connecting threads and tubing connection will come apart under these conditions.

- 2. Use tubing at or above the minimum bending radius. Using below the minimum bending radius can cause breakage or flattening of the tubing.
- Never use the tubing for anything flammable, explosive or toxic such as gas, fuel gas, or cooling mediums etc.

Because the contents may penetrate outward.

4. Use the fittings applicable to the tubing size.

Mounting

1. Confirm model no., size, etc. before installing.

Check tubing for damage, gouges, cracks, etc.

The fluoropolymer tubing do not have the model number displayed on the product due to the resin material used. If tubing without a model label is mixed with other tubing which also does not have a model label, it is impossible to identify the model. Please avoid mixing the products with other models while it is being used and/or stored.

- When tubing is connected, consider factors such as changes in the tubing length due to pressure, and allow sufficient leeway.
- Do not apply unnecessary forces such as twisting, pulling, moment loads, etc. on fittings or tubing. This will cause damage to fittings and will crush, burst or release tubing.
- 4. Mount so that tubing is not damaged due to tangling and abrasion.

This can cause flattening, bursting or disconnection of tubing, etc.

Piping

▲Caution

1. Preparation before piping

Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe. Not allowing chips of the piping thread or the seal material to go in.

Air Supply

\land Warning

1. Types of fluid

This product is designed for use with compressed air.

2. In case of excessive condensation

Excessive condensation in a compressed air system may cause pneumatic equipment to malfunction. Installation of an air dryer, water separator before filter is recommended.

3. Drain flushing

If condensation in the drain bowl is not emptied on a regular basis, the bowl will overflow and allow the condensation to enter the compressed air lines. It causes malfunction of pneumatic devices.

If the drain bowl is difficult to check and remove, installation of a drain bowl with an auto drain option is recommended.

For compressed air quality, refer to SMC's "Air Cleaning Equipment" catalog.

Operating Environment

A Warning

- 1. Do not use in locations having an explosive atmosphere.
- 2. Do not operate in locations where vibration or impact occurs.
- 3. In locations near heat sources, block off radiated heat.

Maintenance

Caution

- 1. Reform periodic inspections to check the following problems and replace tubing, if necessary.
 - 1) Cracks, gouges, wearing, corrosion
 - 2) Air leakage
 - 3) Twists or crushing of tubing
 - 4) Hardening, deterioration, softening of tubing
- Do not repair or patch the replaced tubing or fittings for reuse.
- When using insert or miniature fittings over a long period, some leakage may occur due to age deterioration of the materials. If any leakage is detected, correct the problem by additional tightening.

If tightening becomes ineffective, replace the fittings with a new product immediately.

