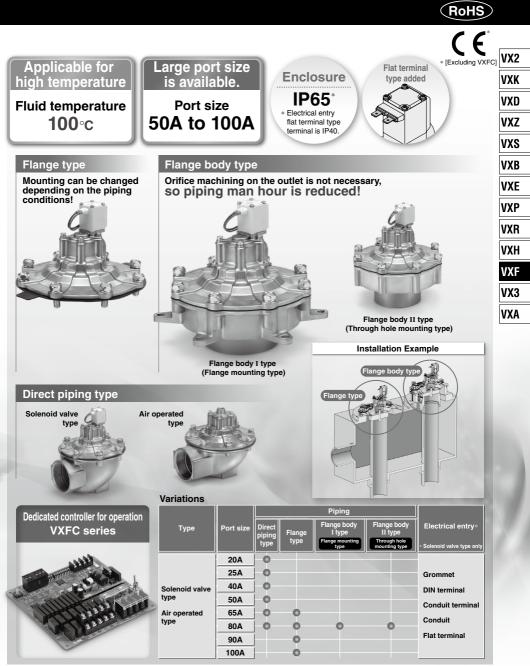
2 Port Solenoid Valve/Air Operated Valve For Dust Collector

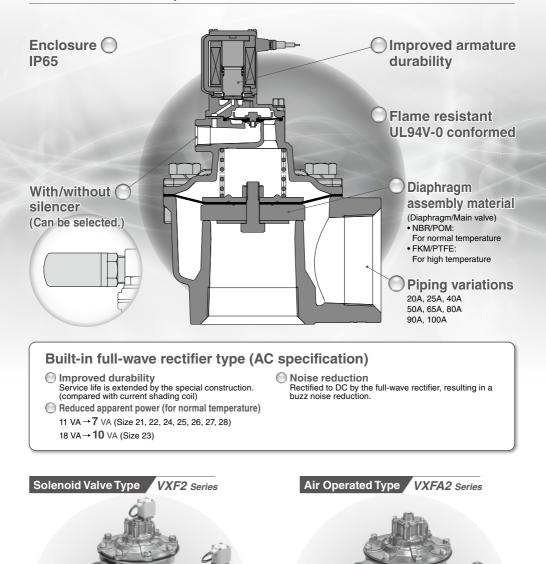
VXF2/VXFA2 Series



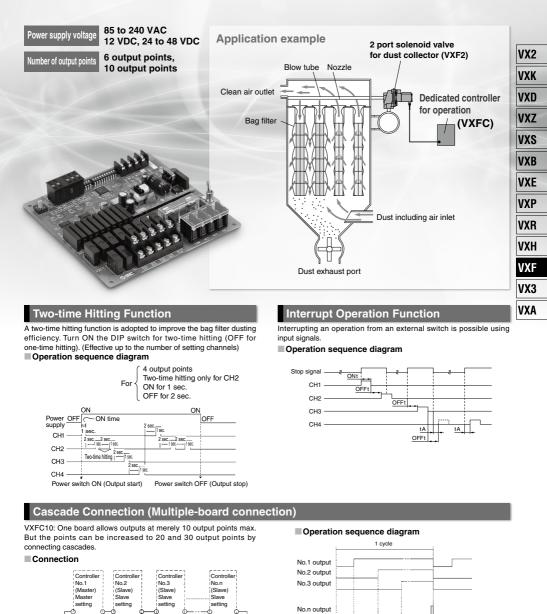


2 Port Solenoid Valve/Air Operated Valve For Dust Collector

VXF2/VXFA2 Series



The valve controller turns ON/OFF many valves for the dust controller.



Start-

outpu

output

Operation

No.n No.1 No.2

output |output

output

VXF2 Series Solenoid Valve Type Common Specifications/Selection Steps

Specifications

Solenoid Valve Type

Model	VXF21A	VXF22A	VXF23A□□	VXF24A□□	VXF25å□□	VXF26g□□	VXF27B	VXF28B
Orifice size mmø	22	28	44	53	70	80	90	100
Fluid				A	ir			
Min. operating pressure MPa		0.03				0.1		
Max. operating pressure MPa				0.	.7			
Fluid temperature (for normal/high temperature) °C			-10 (No f	reezing) to 60/-	-10 (No freezin	ng) to 100		
Ambient temperature °C				5 to	60			
Coil insulation type (for normal/high temperature)				Class B/	Class H			
Enclosure				IP65	Note)			
Allowable voltage fluctuation V				±10% of rat	ted voltage			
Apparent power (for normal/high temperature) AC (VA)	7/	9	10/12			7/9		
Power consumption (for normal temperature) DC (W)	7	7	8			7		

Note) For enclosure, refer to "Glossary of Terms" on page 371. When using the product in a place which requires water resistance, please contact SMC.

(For normal temperature)

Solenoid Coil Specifications

Normally Closed (N.C.)

DC	Specification	

Size	Power consumption (W) Note 1)	Temperature rise (°C) Note 2)		
Size 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28	7	60		
Size 23	8	55		
Note 1) Bower concumption Apparent newer: The value at ambient temperature				

Note 1) Power consumption, Apparent power: The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. (Variation: ±10%) Note 2) Value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied.

The value depends on the ambient environment. This is for reference.

Valve Leakage Rate

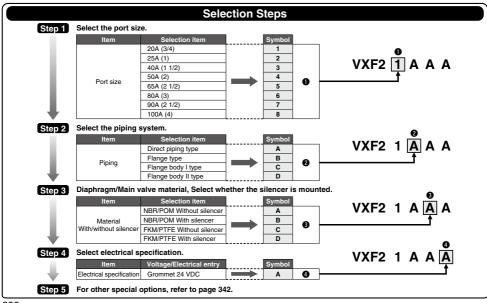
	Leakage rate Note)
Internal leakage	1000 cm ³ /min or less
External leakage	100 cm ³ /min or less

Note) Leakage value at an ambient temperature of 20°C with 0.5 MPa of pressure applied. The amount of valve leakage may be greater if operated at a pressure lower than 0.3 MPa.

AC Specification (Built-in Full-wave Rectifier Type) (For normal/high temperature)

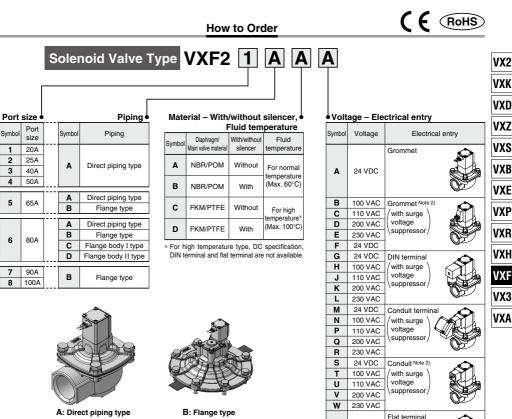
Size	Apparent power (VA) Note 1) Note 2)	Temperature rise (°C) Not	a 3)
Size 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28	7/9	60/100	
Size 23	10/12	70/100	

- Note 1) Power consumption, Apparent power: The value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. (Variation: $\pm 10\%$)
- Note 2) There is no difference in the frequency and the inrush and energized apparent power because a rectifying circuit is used in the AC (Built-in full-wave rectifier type).
- Note 3) Value at ambient temperature of 20°C and when the rated voltage is applied. The value depends on the ambient environment. This is for reference.



@SMC

² Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector **VXF2** Series



Υ

z

24 VDC

available.

Symbo

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8



C: Flange body I type (Flange mounting type)



D: Flange body II type (Through hole mounting type)

In the middle of lead wi	le.
For other special optic	ons, refer to page 342.
	24 VAC
	48 VAC
Special voltage	220 VAC
	240 VAC
	12 VDC
DIN terminal with lig	ght
With conduit termin	al and light
G thread Note 3)	
NPT thread Note 3)	

Other voltages

Note 1) For high temperature type, DC specification, DIN terminal and flat terminal are not

Note 2) For high temperature type, the surge voltage suppressor for grommet or conduit is attached

Note 3) For options with silencer,

VXFA2 Series Air Operated Type Common Specifications/Selection Steps

Specifications

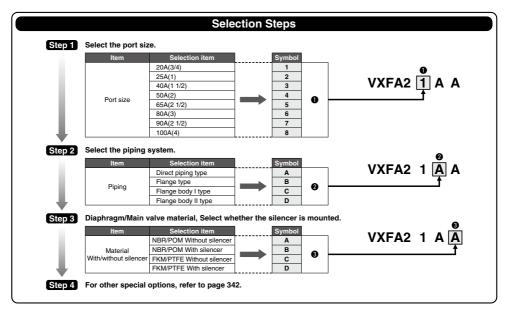
Air Operated Type

Model		VXFA21AA	VXFA22AA	VXFA23AA	VXFA24A	VXFA25(A,B) ^A □	VXFA26(A,B,C,D)B	VXFA27B _B □	VXFA28B ₈ ⊡
Orifice size	mmø	22	28	44	53	70	80	90	100
Fluid					A	ir			
Min. operating pressure	MPa		0.03				0.1		
Max. operating pressure	MPa				0	.7			
Fluid temperature (for normal/high temperature)	°C			-10 (No	freezing) to 60/-	–10 (No freezino	g) to 100		
Ambient temperature	°C				5 to	60			

Valve Leakage Rate

	Leakage rate Note)
Internal leakage	1000 cm ³ /min or less
External leakage	100 cm ³ /min or less

Note) Leakage value at an ambient temperature of 20°C with 0.5 MPa of pressure applied. The amount of valve leakage may be greater if operated at a pressure lower than 0.3 MPa.



² Port Air Operated Valve For Dust Collector **VXFA2** Series

How to Order

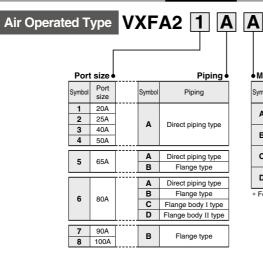
RoHS

VX2

VXH

VXF

VX3 VXA



Mate	erial – With/without	silencer, Flui	id temperature	VXD
Symbol	Diaphragm/ Main valve material	With/without silencer*	Fluid temperature	VXZ
A	NBR/POM	Without	For normal	VXS
в	NBR/POM	With	(Max. 60°C)	VXB
с	FKM/PTFE	Without	For high	VXE
D	FKM/PTFE	With	temperature (Max. 100°C)	VXP
* For 4	0A or less, silencer ca	innot be selecte	ed.	VXR

For other special options, refer to page 342.
G thread Note 1)
NPT thread Note 1)
Note 1) For options with silencer,
the exhaust port is Rc.



A: Direct piping type



C: Flange body I type (Flange mounting type)

B: Flange type



D: Flange body II type (Through hole mounting type)

∧Caution Selection of Pilot Valve

When selecting the air operated type VXFA2 series, select the 2 port valve with the stated orifice diameter or more.

VXFA21 to VXFA23: ø5 mm or more VXFA24 to VXFA28: ø4 mm or more

VXF2/VXFA2 Series Other Special Options

			rical Option oltage, with light)	Other Option (Port thread)
	V	XF2 1		A Solenoid Valve Type VXF2 1 A A A
	product number. Electrical option			Enter standard product number.
·	_		entry/Electrical option	● Piping option ●
Specificatio	ins Symb		Electrical entry	Port thread
	14		Grommet Note 2)	Symbol Port thread
	18		(with surge voltage suppressor)	A G Note 1)
	10		(with surge voltage suppressor)	B NPT Note 1)
	10		Grommet	Note 1) For options with silencer,
	16		Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)	m the exhaust port is Rc.
	1F	48 VAC		
	1G		DIN terminal	Air Operated Type
e	1H		(with surge voltage suppressor)	
Special voltage	10		(VXFA2 1 A A
	1J			
eci	1K			
Sp	11		Conduit terminal	Enter standard product number.
	1W		(with surge voltage suppressor)	Piping option
	1N			Port thread
	1P			Symbol Port thread
	1Q	220 VAC	Conduit Note 2)	A G Note 2)
	1R		(with surge voltage suppressor)	
	1Y		(with surge voltage suppressor)	Note 2) For options with silencer,
	15			the exhaust port is Rc.
	11		Flat terminal	_
	2A 2B		-	
	20			
	20		-	
	2E		DIN terminal	
	2F	48 VAC	(with surge voltage suppressor)	n)
	2G			
	2H			
Į	2V			
With light	2J 2K			-
Wit	2K		1	
	21		1	
	2N		1	
	2P	230 VAC	Conduit terminal	
	2Q		(with surge voltage suppressor)	n
	2R			
	25			Note 1) For high temperature type, DC specification, DIN terminal and flat terminal are not available.
	2W 2T	-	{	Note 2) For high temperature type, the surge voltage
	21 3A	-		 suppressor for grommet or conduit is attached
	38	-	-	in the middle of lead wire.
scto	30		1	* Enter symbols in the order below when ordering an
nne	3D		1	electrical option and other option.
I co	3E		DIN terminal	Example) Solenoid valve type
Without DIN connector	3F		(with surge voltage suppressor)	VXF21AAZIAA
out	3G			
Vith	3H			Electrical option
>	3V			Other option
	3J	12 VDC		

SMC

VX2
VXK
VXD
VXZ
VXS
VXB
VXE
VXP
VXR
VXH
VXF
VX3
VXA



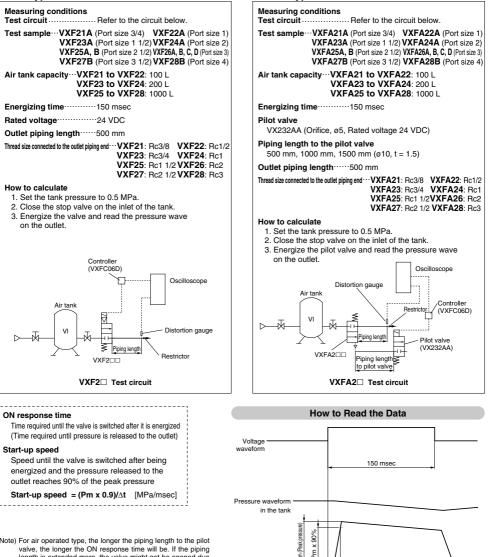
VXF2/VXFA2 Series Valve Characteristics

The valve characteristics data was measured with the outlet piping length. The valve characteristics vary depending on the tank capacity, air supply, set pressure, outlet conditions (nozzle size, quantity, piping length), so please use these values as a guideline.

VXFA2 Type

1. Response Time, Start-up Speed

VXF2 Type



Outlet pressure

∕∂ SMC

waveform

ON response time 0%

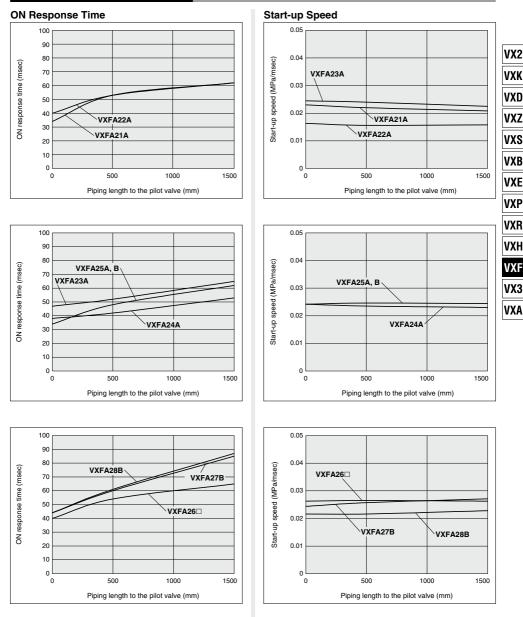
Λt

Note) For air operated type, the longer the piping length to the pilot valve, the longer the ON response time will be. If the piping length is extended more, the valve might not be opened due to piping capacity and resistance in the piping, so keep the piping length to the pilot valve as short as possible.

Valve Characteristics VXF2/VXFA2 Series

1. Response Time, Start-up Speed

For VXF2/solenoid valve type, the piping length to the pilot valve should be 0 mm.



SMC

VXF2/VXFA2 Series

2. Discharge Volume

For VXF2/solenoid valve type, the piping length to the pilot valve should be 0 mm.

VXF2 Type

VXF2 Type
Measuring conditions Test circuit
Test sample…VXF21A (Port size 3/4) VXF22A (Port size 1) VXF23A (Port size 1 1/2) VXF24A (Port size 2) VXF25A, B (Port size 2 1/2) VXF26A, B, C, D (Port size 3) VXF27B (Port size 3 1/2) VXF28B (Port size 4)
Air tank capacity…VXF21 to VXF22: 100 L VXF23 to VXF24: 200 L VXF25 to VXF28: 1000 L
Energizing time150 msec
Rated voltage
Outlet piping length ······500 mm
Thread size connected to the outlet piping endOpen
How to calculate 1. Set the tank pressure to 0.5 MPa. 2. Close the stop valve on the inlet of the tank. 3. Energize the valve and read the tank pressure after releasing the pressure. Controller (VXFC06D)
Discharge volume: Valve discharge volume per energizing time Conversion of the discharge volume

Calculate the discharge volume by reading the tank pressure after the valve starts the operation.

Conversion equation

 $V_0 = (P_1 \times V_1 - P_2 \times V_1)/P_0$

- Vo: Discharge volume L
- P1: Tank initial pressure MPa (Absolute pressure)
- V1: Tank capacity L
- P2: Tank pressure after release MPa (Absolute pressure)
- Po: Atmospheric pressure MPa (Absolute pressure)
 - 1500 Discharge volume (L) 1000 VXF(A)25A, B 500 VXF(A)24A 0 500 1500 1000 Piping length to the pilot valve (mm)

SMC



Measuring conditions

Test circuit Refer to the circuit below.

Test sample ... VXFA21A (Port size 3/4) VXFA22A (Port size 1) VXFA23A (Port size 1 1/2) VXFA24A (Port size 2) VXFA25A, B (Port size 2 1/2) VXFA26A, B, C, D (Port size 3) VXFA27B (Port size 3 1/2) VXFA28B (Port size 4) Air tank capacity ... VXFA21 to VXFA22: 100 L VXFA23 to VXFA24: 200 L

VXFA25 to VXFA28: 1000 L

Energizing time150 msec

Pilot valve

VX232AA (Orifice, ø5, Rated voltage 24 VDC)

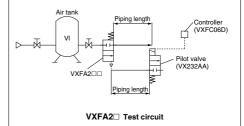
Piping length to the pilot valve

500 mm, 1000 mm, 1500 mm (ø10, t = 1.5)

Thread size connected to the outlet piping endOpen

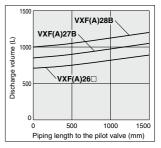
How to calculate

- 1. Set the tank pressure to 0.5 MPa.
- 2. Close the stop valve on the inlet of the tank.
- 3. Energize the pilot valve and read the tank pressure after releasing the pressure.

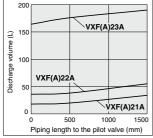


Note 1) If the regulator or the restrictor is installed right before the IN side of the valve, the valve may oscillate when it is turned off. Keep the regulator or the restrictor away from the valve for at least 1 m or change restriction. Note 2) The dust collector valve is a large flow control valve in which air is discharged with high speed to clean the bag filter with impact wave. Tank

capacity should be sufficient to secure impact wave and discharge flow rate. If the air tank capacity is insufficient, response delay of valve, malfunctions or oscillation may occur.

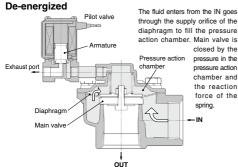


Discharge Volume

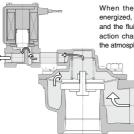


VXFA2 Series Working Principle

VXFA21, 22, 23

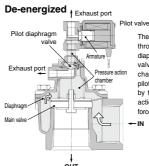


Right after energized



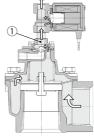
When the solenoid valve is energized, the armature opens and the fluid filling the pressure action chamber is released to the atmosphere.

VXFA24 to 28 (Double diaphragm)



The fluid enters from the IN goes through the supply orifice of the diaphragm and the pilot diaphragm valve to fill the pressure action chambers. The main valve and pilot diaphragm valve are closed by the pressure in the pressure action chamber and the reaction force of the spring. - IN

ούτ **Right after energized**



When the solenoid valve is energized, the armature opens and the fluid filling the pressure action chamber ① of the pilot diaphragm valve is released to the atmosphere.

VXP VXR VXH VXF VX3 VXA

VX2

VXK

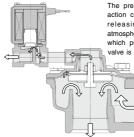
VXD

VXZ

VXS

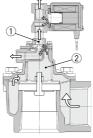
VXB VXE

Energized (Main valve open)

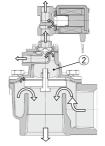


The pressure in the pressure action chamber decreases by releasing the fluid to the atmosphere. Because the force which pushes down the main valve is reduced by the release of the fluid, the force that pushes up the main valve overcomes the push down force and opens the main valve

Energized (Pilot diaphragm valve open)



Energized (Main valve open)



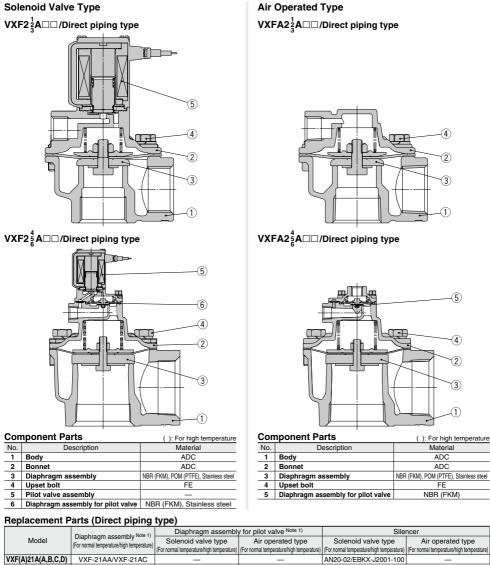
The pressure in the pressure action chamber ① of the pilot diaphragm valve decreases by releasing the fluid to the atmosphere. Because the force which pushes down the pilot diaphragm valve is reduced by the release of the fluid, the force that pushes up the pilot diaphragm valve overcomes the push down force and opens the pilot diaphragm valve. Then, the fluid filling the pressure action chamber (2) of the main valve is released to the atmosphere.

The pressure in the pressure action chamber 2 of the main valve decreases by releasing the fluid to the atmosphere. Because the force which pushes down the main valve is reduced by the release of the fluid, the force that pushes up the main valve overcomes the push down force and opens the main valve.



VXF2/VXFA2 Series

Construction



woder	(For normal temperature/high temperature)	Solenoid valve type	Air operated type	Solenoid valve type	Air operated type
	(For normal temperature/high temperature)				
VXF(A)21A(A,B,C,D)	VXF-21AA/VXF-21AC	—	—	AN20-02/EBKX-J2001-100	—
VXF(A)22A(A,B,C,D)	VXF-22AA/VXF-22AC	—	-	AN20-02/EBKX-J2001-100	1
VXF(A)23A(A,B,C,D)	VXF-23AA/VXF-23AC	—	-	AN20-02/EBKX-J2001-100	-
VXF(A)24A(A,B,C,D)	VXF-24AA/VXF-24AC	VXD30-3A-1A/VXD30-3A-F-1A	VXD30-3A-2A/VXD30-3A-F-2A	AN20-02/EBKX-J2001-100	AN20-02/EBKX-J2001-100
VXF(A)25A(A,B,C,D)	VXF-25AA/VXF-25AC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A)26A(A,C) Note 2)	VXF-26AA/VXF-26AC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	—	—
VXF(A)26A(B,D) Note 2)	VXF-26AB/VXF-26AD	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120

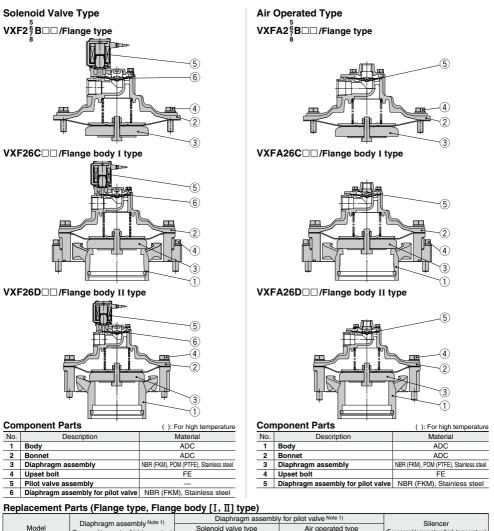
Note 1) Spring is shipped together with the product, but not assembled.

Note 2) When the VXF26 is ordered without a silencer, and a silencer is attached later by the user, the operation may become unstable while ON. When attaching a silencer later, be sure to replace the diaphragm assembly as well. When ordering a product with a silencer and is used without the silencer, the operation may become unstable while OFF. In this case, the diaphragm assembly should be replaced.



2 Port Solenoid Valve/Air Operated Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series

Construction



		Diaphragm assembly Note 1)	Diaphragm assemble	y for pilot valve Note 1)	Silencer
	Model	/For permal temperature/high temperature/	Solenoid valve type	Air operated type	
		(Por normal temperature/high temperature)	(For normal temperature/high temperature)	Air operated type (For normal temperature/high temperature)	(i or normal temperature/light temperature)
VXF(A	()25B(A,B,C,D)	VXF-25AA/VXF-25AC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A	()26B(A,C) Note 2)	VXF-26BA/VXF-26BC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	-
VXF(A	()26B(B,D) Note 2)	VXF-26BB/VXF-26BD	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A)26C(A,C) Note 2)	VXF-26CA/VXF-26CC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	-
VXF(A	()26C(B,D) Note 2)	VXF-26CB/VXF-26CD	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A	()26D(A,C) Note 2)	VXF-26CA/VXF-26CC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	—
VXF(A	()26D(B,D) Note 2)	VXF-26CB/VXF-26CD	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A)27B(A,B,C,D)	VXF-27BA/VXF-27BC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120
VXF(A)28B(A,B,C,D)	VXF-28BA/VXF-28BC	VXD40S-3A-1A/VXD40S-3A-F-1A	VXD40S-3A-2A/VXD40S-3A-F-2A	AN40-04/EBKX-J2003-120

Note 1) Spring is shipped together with the product, but not assembled.

Note 2) When the VXF26 is ordered without a silencer, and a silencer is attached later by the user, the operation may become unstable while ON. When attaching a silencer later, be sure to replace the diaphragm assembly as well. When ordering a product with a silencer and is used without the silencer, the operation may become unstable while OFF. In this case, the diaphragm assembly should be replaced.



VX2

VXK

VXD

VXZ VXS

VXB VXE

VXP

VXR VXH VXF

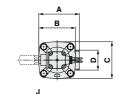
VX3

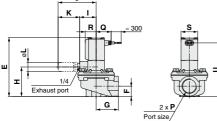
VXA

VXF2 Series

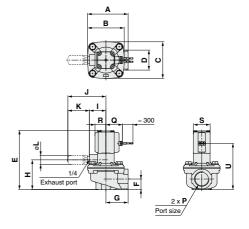
Dimensions: Direct piping type VXF21ADDD/22ADDD/23ADDD

Grommet



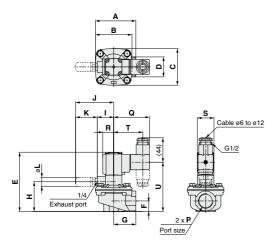


Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)



(mm)

DIN terminal



Dimensions

Model	Port size P	A	в	с	D	E	F	G	н	Т	J	к	L	s
VXF21A	3/4	73	66	66	36	107	19	40	53.5	29.5	68.5 (70.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
VXF22A	1	84	74	74	45	118	23.5	47	64.5	29.5	68.5 (70.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
VXF23A	1 1/2	132	110	110	63	154.5	35	77	95	32	71 (73.3)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	35

Model		Grommet		(with surge	Grommet e voltage si	uppressor)	DIN terminal					
	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Т		
VXF21A	27	20	97	30	20	83.5	64.5	20	89	52.5		
VXF22A	27	20	108	30	20	94.5	64.5	20	100	52.5		
VXF23A	29.5	22	143.5	32.5	22	130	67	22	135.5	55		



VX2

VXK

VXD VXZ

VXS

VXB VXE

VXP

VXR

VXH

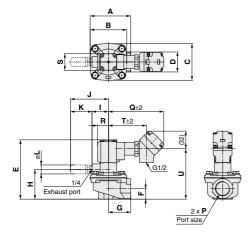
VXF

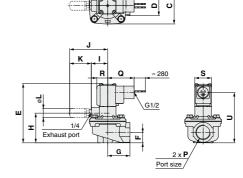
VX3 VXA

Dimensions: Direct piping type VXF21ADDD/22ADDD/23ADDD

Conduit terminal

Conduit

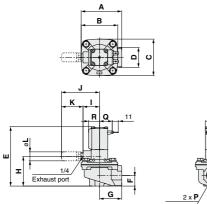


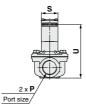


Δ

в

Flat terminal





Dimensions

Model	Port size P	A	в	с	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	s
VXF21A	3/4	73	66	66	36	107	19	40	53.5	29.5	68.5 (70.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
VXF22A	1	84	74	74	45	118	23.5	47	64.5	29.5	68.5 (70.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
VXF23A	1 1/2	132	110	110	63	154.5	35	77	95	32	71 (73.3)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	35
					1									

Model		Conduit	terminal			Conduit		Flat terminal			
	Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	
VXF21A	99.5	20	91	68.5	47.5	20	91	23	20	97	
VXF22A	99.5	20	102	68.5	47.5	20	102	23	20	108	
VXF23A	102	22	137.5	71	50	22	137.5	25.5	22	143.5	

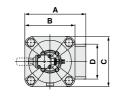
* (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

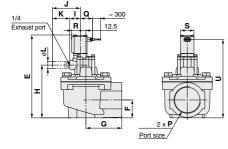
(mm)

VXF2 Series

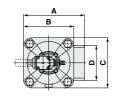
Dimensions: Direct piping type VXF24A

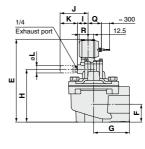
Grommet

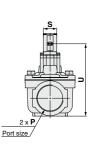




Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)

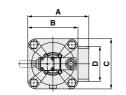


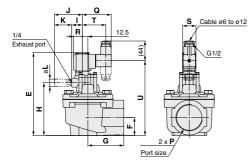




(mm)

DIN terminal





Dimensions

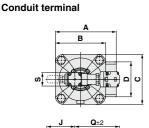
Billionolo														(1111)
Model	Port size P	A	в	с	D	E	F	G	н	Т	J	к	L	s
VXF24A□	2	136	112	112	78	185	40	80	118	23.5	62.5 (64.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
Model		Grommet		(with surge	Grommet e voltage si	uppressor)		DIN te	erminal					
	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	т				
VXF24A	27	20	175	30	20	161.5	64.5	20	167	52.5	-			
* (): When the	symbol "D	" for high te	emperature	is selected	4.									

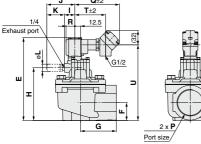
is se

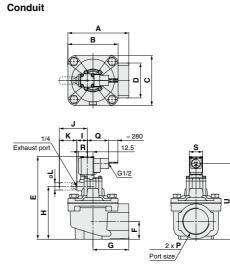
352

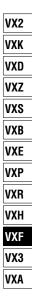


Dimensions: Direct piping type VXF24A

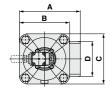


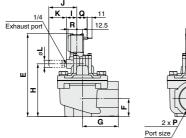






Flat terminal





Dimensions

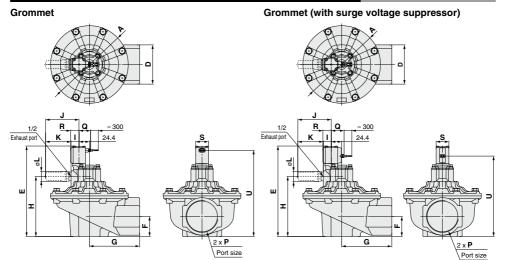
Dimension	13													(11011)
Model	Port size P	A	в	с	D	E	F	G	н	Т	J	к	L	s
VXF24A	2	136	112	112	78	185	40	80	118	23.5	62.5 (64.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)	30
Model		Conduit	terminal			Conduit		F	lat termina	al				
	Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U				
VXF24A	99.5	20	169	68.5	47.5	20	169	23	20	175				
* (): When the	symbol "D'	for high te	emperature	is selected	ł									

⊘SMC

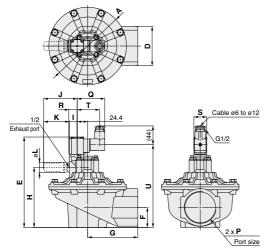
(mm)

VXF2 Series

Dimensions: Direct piping type VXF25ADDD/26ADDD



DIN terminal



Dimensions

Model	Port size P	A	D	Е	F	G	н	Т	J	к	L	s
VXF25A	2 1/2	182	92	212	47	117.5	141	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF26A	3	206	102	247	63	119	176	18.6	784(702)	598(431)	24 (17)	30

(mm)

Model		Grommet		(with surg	Grommet e voltage su	uppressor)		DIN te	erminal	
	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Т
VXF25A	27	20	202	30	20	188.5	64.5	20	194	52.5
VXF26A	27	20	237	30	20	223.5	64.5	20	229	52.5
+ (): When the	oumbol "D"	for high toma	oratura ia ac	lootod						

* (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

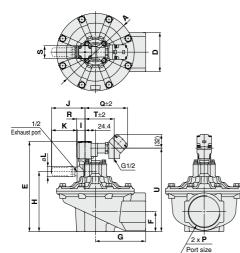
354

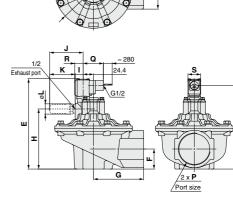


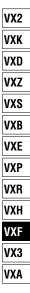
Direct piping type VXF25ADDD/26ADDD **Dimensions:**



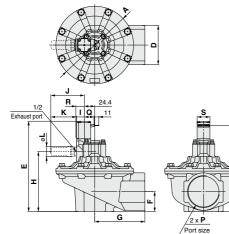
Conduit







Flat terminal



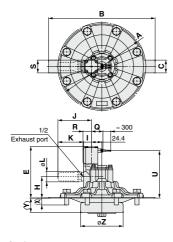
Dimensions

Dimension	าร											(mm)
Model	Port size P	A	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	s
VXF25A	2 1/2	182	92	212	47	117.5	141	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF26A	3	206	102	247	63	119	176	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
Model		Conduit	terminal			Conduit			Flat termina	I		
	Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U		
VXF25A	99.5	20	196	68.5	47.5	20	196	23	20	202		
VXF26A	99.5	20	231	68.5	47.5	20	231	23	20	237		

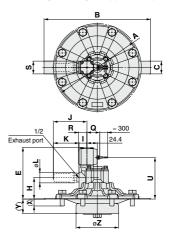
VXF2 Series

Dimensions: Flange type VXF25B / /26B / /27B / /28B / /28B

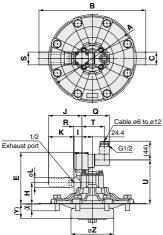
Grommet



Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)



DIN terminal



Note) Refer to page 358 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

(mm)

Dimensions

Model	A	в	с	E	н	Т	x	Y	z	J	к	L	s
VXF25B	182	-	—	118	47	18.6	17	18.3	90	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF26B	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	100	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF27B	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	110	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF28B□	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	120	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30

Model		Grommet		(with surge	Grommet e voltage s	uppressor)	DIN terminal					
	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Т		
VXF25B	27	20	108	30	20	94.5	64.5	20	100	52.5		
VXF26B	27	20	111	30	20	97.5	64.5	20	103	52.5		
VXF27B	27	27 20 111			20	97.5	64.5	20	103	52.5		
VXF28B	27 20 111			30	20	97.5	64.5	20	103	52.5		

* (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

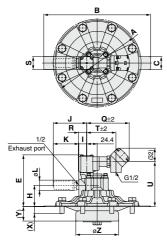
356



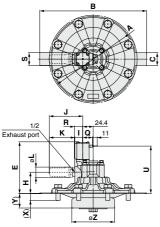
Dimensions: Flange type VXF25B / /26B / /27B / /28B / /28B

Conduit

Conduit terminal

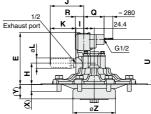


Flat terminal



w t	
1/2	$\frac{J}{R_{+}} Q_{+} = 280$

в



VX2
VXK
VXD
VXZ
VXS
VXB
VXE
VXP
VXR
VXH
VXF
VX3
VXA
-

Note) Refer to page 358 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

Dimensions

Model	A	в	с	E	н	I	x	Y	z	J	к	L	S
VXF25B	182	_	—	118	47	18.6	17	18.3	90	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF26B	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	100	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF27B	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	110	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30
VXF28B	206	250	30	121	50	18.6	17	34	120	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30

Model		Conduit	terminal			Conduit		Flat terminal				
	Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U		
VXF25B	99.5	20	102	68.5	47.5	20	102	23	20	108		
VXF26B	99.5	20	105	68.5	47.5	20	105	23	20	111		
VXF27B	99.5	20	105	68.5	47.5	20	105	23	20	111		
VXF28B	99.5	20	105	68.5	47.5	20	105	23	20	111		

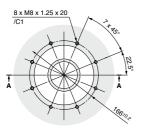
* (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

(mm)

VXF2 Series

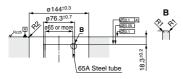
Dimensions on the Mounting Side: Flange type

VXF25B

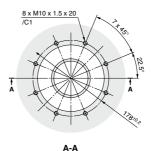


A-A

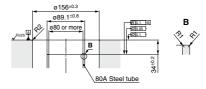
The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.



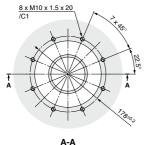
VXF26B



The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.

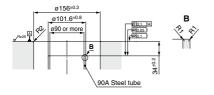


VXF27B

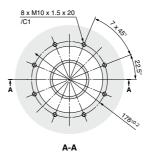


А-А

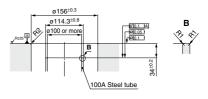
The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.



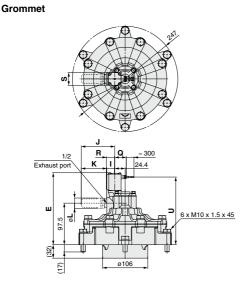
VXF28B

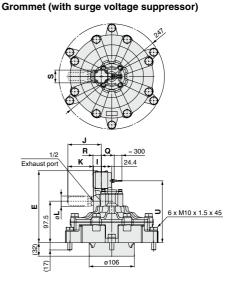


The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.

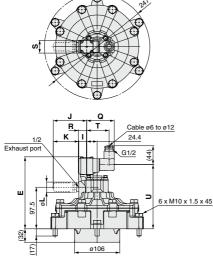


Dimensions: Flange body I type VXF26C





DIN terminal



Note) Refer to page 363 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

Dimensions

 mension	13															(11111)
Model	Е	I	J	к	L	s		Gromme	t	(with surg	Grommet e voltage si			DIN te	rminal	
							Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Q	R	U	Т
VXF26C	169	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30	27	20	159	30	20	145	64.5	20	151	52.5

 \ast (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

SMC

(mm)

VX2 VXK

VXD VXZ VXS

VXB

VXE VXP

VXR

VXH

VXF

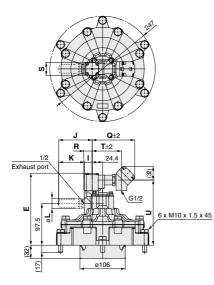
VX3 VXA

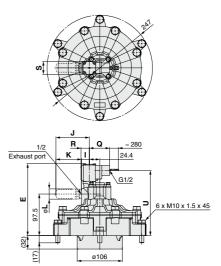
VXF2 Series

Dimensions: Flange body I type VXF26C

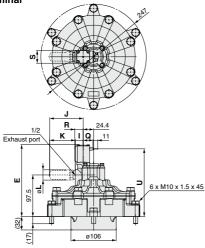
Conduit terminal

Conduit





Flat terminal



Note) Refer to page 363 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

(mm)

Dimensions

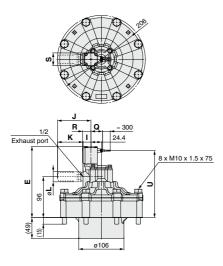
_	mension	13															(11111)
	Model	Е	I	J	к	L	s		Conduit	terminal			Conduit		Flat	terminal	type
								Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U
V	XF26C	169	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30	99.5	20	153	68.5	47.5	20	153	23	20	159

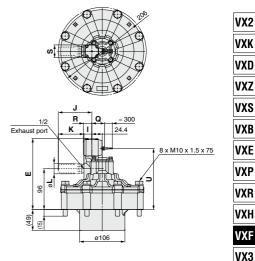


Dimensions: Flange body II type VXF26D

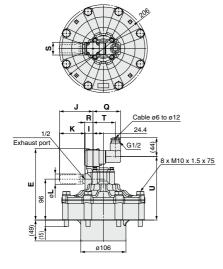
Grommet

Grommet (with surge voltage suppressor)





DIN terminal



Note) Refer to page 363 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

Dimensions (mm) Grommet Grommet DIN terminal Model Е I J к L s (with surge voltage suppressor) Q R υ Q R U Q R υ Т VXF26D 167 18.6 78.4 (70.2) 59.8 (43.1) 24 (17) 30 27 157 143.5 64.5 52.5 20 30 20 20 149

* (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected

SMC

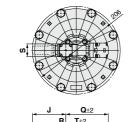
VXA

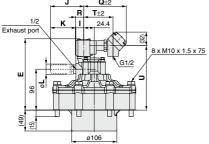
VXF2 Series

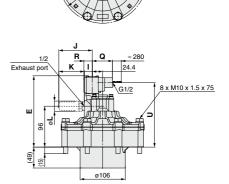
Dimensions: Flange body II type VXF26D

Conduit terminal

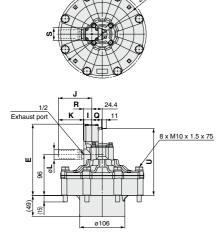
Conduit







Flat terminal



Note) Refer to page 363 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

(mm)

Dimensions

Dimension	13															(11111)
Model	Е	I	J	к	L	s		Conduit	terminal			Conduit		Flat	terminal	type
							Q	R	U	Т	Q	R	U	Q	R	U
VXF26D	167	18.6	78.4 (70.2)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	30	99.5	20	151	68.5	47.5	20	151	23	20	157

* (): When the symbol "D" for high temperature is selected.

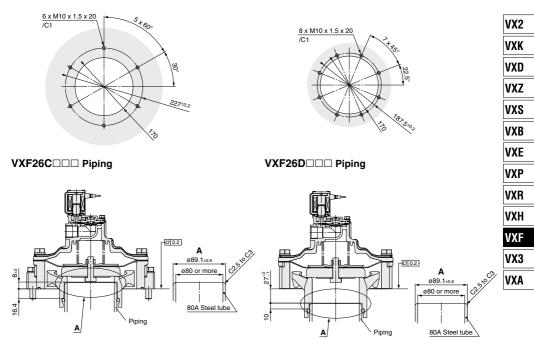
SMC

² Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector **VXF2** Series

Dimensions on the Mounting Side: Flange body I/II type

VXF26C

VXF26D

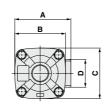


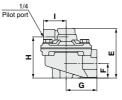
* Machine the mounting surface shape so that there are no gaps between the mounting surface and the product. Refer to page 373 for details.

VXFA2 Series

Dimensions: Direct piping type

VXFA21A VXFA22A VXFA23A



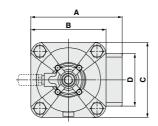


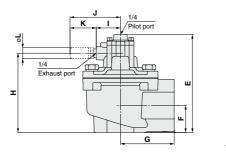


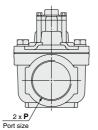
Dimensions

Dimensions										(mm)
Model	Port size P	Α	в	С	D	E	F	G	н	I
VXFA21A	3/4	73	66	66	36	64.5	19	40	53.5	29.5
VXFA22A	1	84	74	74	45	74.5	23.5	47	64.5	29.5
VXFA23A	1 1/2	132	110	110	63	106	35	77	95	32

VXFA24A







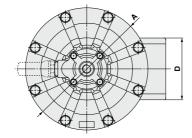
Dimensions

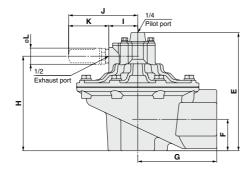
Dimensions							F	OITSIZE					(mm)
Model	Port size P	Α	в	с	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	к	L
VXFA24A	2	136	112	112	78	145.5	40	80	118	36	75 (77.8)	39 (41.3)	16.5 (17)

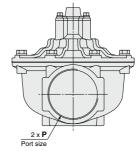


Dimensions: Direct piping type

VXFA25A VXFA26A







VX2
VXK
VXD
VXZ
VXS
VXB
VXE
VXP
VXR
VXH
VXF
VX3
VXA

Dimensions

Din	Dimensions (mm)											
	Model	Port size P	Α	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	к	L
V	XFA25A	2 1/2	182	92	176	47	117.5	141	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)
V	XFA26A□	3	206	102	211	63	119	176	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)

VXFA2 Series

Dimensions: Flange type

Line and the second sec

Note) Refer to page 367 for the dimensions on the mounting side.

(mm)

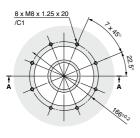
Dimensions

Model	Α	в	с	Е	Y	х	н	Т	J	к	L	z
VXFA25B	182	—	-	82	18.3	17	47	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	90
VXFA26B	206	250	30	85	34	17	50	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	100
VXFA27B	206	250	30	85	34	17	50	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	110
VXFA28B	206	250	30	85	34	17	50	43	102.8 (94.6)	59.8 (43.1)	24 (17)	120

² Port Air Operated Valve For Dust Collector **VXFA2** Series

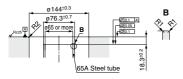
Dimensions on the Mounting Side: Flange type

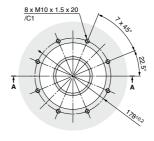
VXFA25B



A-A

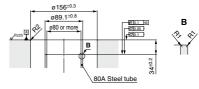
The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.





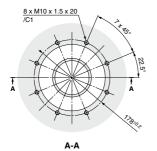
A-A

The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.

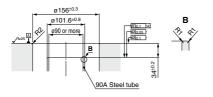


VX2 VXK VXD VXZ VXS VXB VXB VXR VXR VXR VXR VXA

VXFA27B

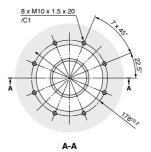


The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.

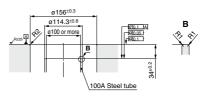


VXFA28B

VXFA26B



The surface roughness of the orifice machining should be Rz6.3 or less.

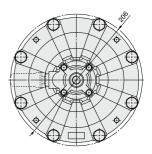


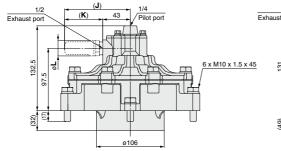
VXFA2 Series

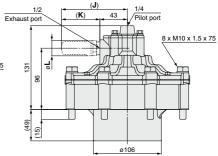
Dimensions: Flange body I/II type

VXFA26C

VXFA26D







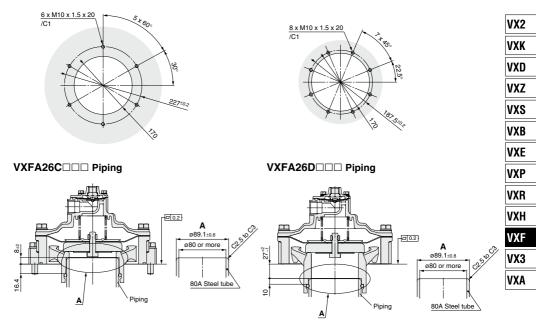
Note) Refer to page 369 for the dimensions on the mounting side. Refer to page 366 for J, K, L dimensions.

² Port Air Operated Valve For Dust Collector **VXFA2** Series

Dimensions on the Mounting Side: Flange body I/II type

VXFA26C

VXFA26D



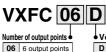
* Machine the mounting surface shape so that there are no gaps between the mounting surface and the product. Refer to page 373 for details.

VXF2/VXFA2 Series

RoHS

Dedicated Controller For Operation/VXFC Series

How to Order Controller



Voltage							
D	24 to 48 VDC						
D-6	12 VDC						
Α	85 to 240 VAC						

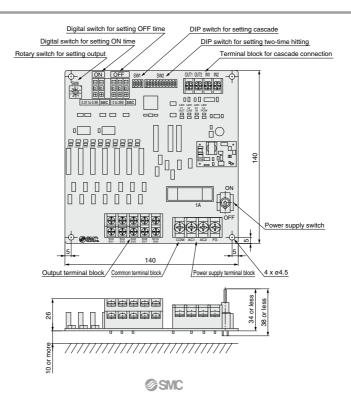


Specifications

10 10 output points

Specifications						
Model		VXFC ⁰⁶ A	VXFC ⁰⁶ ₁₀ D	VXFC 10 D-6		
Input voltage		85 to 240 VAC	24 to 48 VDC	12 VDC		
Output volta	ige	Same as input voltage				
	ON		0.01 to 0.99 sec			
Time setting	OFF	0 to 299 sec				
	Time accuracy	±2%				
Number of o	utputs	6 to 10 points				
Operating ambi	ent temperature	0 to 50°C (No condensation allowed)				
Operating ambient humidity		45 to 80% (No condensation allowed)				
Output current		0.5 A or less	0.5 A or less	0.5 A or less		
Power supp	ly fuse	3 A	1 A	1 A		

Dimensions



VXF(A) Series Glossary of Terms

Pressure Terminology

1. Maximum operating pressure differential

The maximum pressure differential (the difference between the inlet and outlet pressure) which is allowed for operation. When the outlet pressure is 0 MPa, this becomes the maximum operating pressure.

2. Minimum operating pressure differential

The minimum pressure differential (the difference between the inlet pressure and outlet pressure) required to keep the main valve fully open.

3. Maximum system pressure

The maximum pressure that can be applied inside the pipelines (line pressure).

[The pressure differential of the solenoid valve portion must not exceed the maximum operating pressure differential.]

4. Withstand pressure

The pressure in which the valve must be withstood without a drop in performance after holding for one minute under prescribed pressure and returning to the operating pressure range. [value under the prescribed conditions]

Electrical Terminology

1. Apparent power (VA)

Volt-ampere is the product of voltage (V) and current (A). Power consumption (W): For AC, W = V-A·cos θ . For DC, W = V-A. Note) cos θ shows power factor. cos $\theta \approx 0.9$

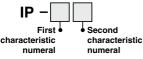
2. Surge voltage

A high voltage which is momentarily generated by shutting off the power in the shut-off area.

3. Degree of protection

A degree defined in the "JIS C 0920: Waterproof test of electric machinery/appliance and the degree of protection against the intrusion of solid foreign objects."

Verify the degree of protection for each product.



First Characteristics:

Degrees of protection against solid	foreign objects
-------------------------------------	-----------------

0	Non-protected					
1	Protected against solid foreign objects of 50 mmø and greater					
2	Protected against solid foreign objects of 12 mmø and greater					
3	Protected against solid foreign objects of 2.5 mmø and greater					
4	Protected against solid foreign objects of 1.0 mmø and greater					
5	Dust-protected					
6	Dust-tight					

Electrical Terminology

Second Characteristics:

Degrees of protection against water

0	Non-protected	_
1	Protected against vertically falling water drops	Dripproof type 1
2	Protected against vertically falling water drops	Dripproof type 2
~	when enclosure tilted up to 15°	Drippioor type 2
3	Protected against rainfall when enclosure tilted up to 60°	Rainproof type
4	Protected against splashing water	Splashproof type
5	Protected against water jets	Water-jet-proof type
6	Protected against powerful water jets	Powerful water-jet-proof type
7	Protected against the effects of temporary immersion in water	Immersible type
8	Protected against the effects of continuous immersion in water	Submersible type

Example) IP65: Dust-tight, Water-jet-proof type

"Water-jet-proof type" means that no water intrudes inside an equipment that could hinder from operating normally by means of applying water for 3 minutes in the prescribed manner. Take appropriate protection measures, since a device is not usable in an environment where a droplet of water is splashed constantly.

Others

1. Material

NBR: Nitrile rubber FKM: Fluoro rubber

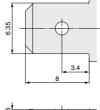
2. Symbol

SMC

In the symbol $(\underline{r}_{1} + \underline{h}_{N})$, when the valve is closed, flow is blocked from port 1 to port 2. However, if the pressure in port 2 is higher than port 1, the valve will not be able to block the fluid and it will flow from port 2 to port 1.

Flat Terminal

1. Flat terminal/Electrical connection size of molded coil







Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 17 to 19 for 2 Port Solenoid Valve for Fluid Control Precautions.

2 Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series

Design

MWarning

 Cannot be used as an emergency shutoff valve etc. The valves presented in this catalog are not designed for safety applications such as an emergency shutoff valve. If the valves are used in this type of system, other reliable safety assurance measures should also be adopted.

2. Extended periods of continuous energization

This is a valve for pulse operation. Do not energize it continuously. Since a large amount of air is consumed, the diaphragm will oscillate (chatter) due to insufficient air supply on the inlet side, and this can lead to failure.

3. When the conduit type is used as equivalent to an IP65 enclosure, install a wiring conduit etc.

Silencer

▲Caution

- The silencer's response properties do not change in the initial stage, but will change due to the blockage after long use. Replace it after using about 500,000 times. This number is subject to change based on fluid quality and energizing time.
- 2. When using a silencer, make space for silencer replacement.

Selection

∆Warning

1. Air quality

1. Use clean air.

Do not use compressed air that contains chemicals, synthetic oils including organic solvents, salt or corrosive gases, etc., as it can cause damage or malfunction.

2. Install an air filter.

Install an air filter close to the valve on the upstream side. A filtration degree of 5 μm or less should be selected.

3. Install an aftercooler or air dryer, etc.

Compressed air that contains excessive drainage may cause malfunction of valves and other pneumatic equipment. To prevent this, install an aftercooler or air dryer, etc.

 If excessive carbon powder is generated, eliminate it by installing a mist separator on the upstream side of valves.

If excessive carbon powder is generated by the compressor, it may adhere to the inside of the valves and cause a malfunction.

Refer to the Best Pneumatics No. 5 for further details on compressed air quality.

Selection

≜ Warning

2. Ambient environment

Use within the allowable ambient temperature range. Check the compatibility between the product's composition materials and the ambient atmosphere. Be certain that the fluid used does not touch the external surface of the product.

3. Countermeasures against static electricity

Take measures to prevent static electricity since some fluids can cause static electricity.

4. Low temperature operation

- The valve can be used in fluid temperatures down to -10°C. However, take measures to prevent freezing or solidification of impurities, etc.
- 2. When using the valve in cold climates, take appropriate countermeasures to prevent freezing in tubing by draining the water etc. When warming by a heater etc., be careful not to expose the coil portion to a heater. Installation of a dryer, heat retaining of the body is recommended to prevent a freezing condition in which the dew point temperature is high and the ambient temperature is low, and the high flow runs.

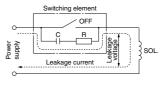
5. Fluid properties

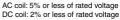
Use a general compressed air with a filter of 5 μm or less mounted on the inlet of the piping. (Excluding dry air)

▲Caution

1. Leakage voltage

When the solenoid valve is operated using the controller, etc., the leakage voltage should be the product allowable leakage voltage or less. Particularly when using a resistor in parallel with a switching element and using a C-R element (surge voltage suppressor) to protect the switching element, take note that leakage current will flow through the resistor, C-R element, etc., creating a possible danger that the valve may not turn off.





- The response performance and start-up speed deteriorate in the case of air operated type (VXFA2) as compared with a solenoid valve type (VXF2). Refer to the data for pilot piping.
- Note that for DC, idle time and return time increase if the voltage is lowered. If a surge voltage suppressor is installed, the return speed decreases.

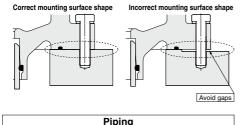




Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 17 to 19 for 2 Port Solenoid Valve for Fluid Control Precautions.

2 Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series VX2 Mounting Pipina VXK **A** Warning ∧ Caution VXD 1. If air leakage increases or equipment does not oper-1. Preparation before piping ate properly, stop operation. Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out VXZ After mounting is completed, confirm that it has been done with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and correctly by performing a suitable function test. other debris from inside the pipe. VXS Install piping so that it does not apply pulling, pressing, bend-2. Do not apply external force to the coil section. ing or other forces on the valve body. VXB When tightening is performed, apply a wrench or other tool to the outside of the piping connection parts. 2. Avoid connecting ground lines to piping, as this may VXE 3. Mount a valve with its coil position upward, not downward. cause electric corrosion of the system. When mounting a valve with its coil position downward, foreign 3. Always tighten threads with the proper tightening torque. VXP objects in the fluid will adhere to the iron core leading to a malfunc-When attaching fittings to valves, tighten with the proper tion. Especially for strict leakage control, such as with vacuum tightening torgue shown below. VXR applications and non-leak specifications, the coil must be Tightening Torque for Piping positioned upward. Connection thread Proper tightening torque N-m VXH 4. Do not warm the coil assembly with a heat insulator etc. Rc1/4 12 to 14 Use tape, heaters, etc., for freeze prevention on the piping and Bc3/8 22 to 24 VXF body only. They can cause the coil to burn out. Bc1/2 28 to 30 Bc3/4 28 to 30 5. Avoid sources of vibration, or adjust the arm from VX3 Bc1 36 to 38 the body to the minimum length so that resonance Rc1 1/2 40 to 42 will not occur. Rc2 48 to 50 VXA Rc2 1/2 6. Painting and coating 48 to 50 Bc3 48 to 50 Warnings or specifications printed or labeled on the product should not be erased, removed or covered up. When connecting piping to a product Avoid mistakes regarding the supply port etc. ∧ Caution 5. If a regulator, or a restrictor, is installed immediately before or

1. Machine the mounting surface shape so that there are no gaps between the mounting surface and the product.



1. During use, deterioration of the tube or damage to the fittings could cause tubes to come loose from their fittings and thrash about.

To prevent uncontrolled tube movement, install protective covers or fasten tubes securely in place.

2. For piping the tube, fix the product securely using the mounting holes so that the product is not in the air.

after the IN port of the valve, the main valve may oscillate (chatter). Install them away from the valve or change the restriction. 6. The header tank capacity should be sufficient. This is a valve

b. The header tank capacity should be sufficient. This is a valve for large flow rate, so if the capacity is small, the main valve may oscillate due to pressure drop or insufficient air supply.

Wiring

▲Caution

- 1. As a rule, use electrical wire with a cross sectional area of 0.5 to 1.25 mm² for wiring. Furthermore, do not allow excessive force to be applied to the lines.
- 2. Use electrical circuits which do not generate chattering in their contacts.
- 3. Use voltage which is within $\pm 10\%$ of the rated voltage. In cases with a DC power supply where importance is placed on responsiveness, stay within $\pm 5\%$ of the rated value. The voltage drop is the value in the lead wire section connecting the coil.
- 4. When a surge from the solenoid affects the electrical circuitry, install a surge voltage suppressor etc. in parallel with the solenoid. Or, adopt an option that comes with the surge voltage protection circuit. (However, a surge voltage occurs even if the surge voltage protection circuit is used. For details, please consult with SMC.)



Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 17 to 19 for 2 Port Solenoid Valve for Fluid Control Precautions.

2 Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series

Operating Environment

MWarning

- 1. Do not use in an atmosphere having corrosive gases, chemicals, sea water, water, water vapor, or where there is direct contact with any of these.
- 2. Do not use in explosive atmospheres.
- 3. Do not use in locations subject to vibration or impact.
- 4. Do not use in locations where radiated heat will be received from nearby heat sources.
- 5. Employ suitable protective measures in locations where there is contact with water droplets, oil or welding spatter, etc.

Maintenance

▲Warning

1. Removing the product

The valve becomes hot depending on the fluid temperature. Confirm that the valve temperature has dropped sufficiently before performing work. If touched inadvertently, there is a danger of being burned.

- 1. Shut off the fluid supply and release the fluid pressure in the system.
- 2. Shut off the power supply.
- 3. Remove the product.

2. Low frequency operation

Switch valves at least once every 30 days to prevent malfunction. Also, in order to use it under the optimum state, conduct a regular inspection once a half year.

▲Caution

1. Filters

- 1. Be careful regarding clogging of filters.
- Replace filter elements after one year of use, or earlier if the pressure drop reaches 0.1 MPa.
- 2. Storage

In case of long term storage after use, thoroughly remove all moisture to prevent rust and deterioration of rubber materials etc.

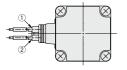
3. Exhaust the drainage from an air filter periodically.

Electrical Connections

≜Caution

Grommet

Class B coil: AWG20 Outside insulator diameter of 2.5 mm



Leau wi	re color				
1	2				
Black	Red				
Blue	Blue				
Red	Red				
Other AC Gray Gray					
	1 Black Blue Red				

∕∂SMC

Electrical Connections

▲Caution

DIN terminal

Disassembly

- After loosening the binding head screw with flange, then if the housing is pulled in the direction of the arrow, the connector will be removed from the solenoid valve.
- 2. Pull out the binding head screw with flange from the housing.
- There is a cutout on the bottom of the terminal block. Insert a small flat head screwdriver, etc. into this cutout, and remove the terminal block from the housing. (See figure below.)
- 4. Remove the ground nut, and pull out the washer and the rubber seal.

Wiring

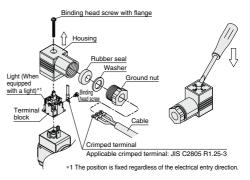
- Pass the cable through the ground nut, washer and rubber seal in this order, and insert these parts into the housing.
- Loosen the binding head screw of the terminal block, then insert the core wire or the crimped terminal of the lead wire into the terminal, and securely fix it with the binding head screw. The binding head screw of the terminal block is M3. Note 1) Tighten the screw to a torque of between 0.5 and 0.6 N·m.

Note 2) Cable O.D.: ø6 to ø12 mm Note 3) For an outside cable diameter of ø9 to 12 mm, remove the

internal parts of the rubber seal before using.

Assembly

- Pass the cable through the ground nut, washer, rubber seal and the housing in this order, and connect to the terminal block. Then, set the terminal block inside the housing. (Push in the terminal block until it snaps into position.)
- Insert the rubber seal and the washer in this order into the cable entry of the housing, and then tighten the ground nut securely.
- 3. Insert the gasket between the bottom part of the terminal block and the plug attached to the equipment, and then insert the binding head screw with flange from the top of the housing, and tighten it. Note 1) Tighten the screw to a torque of between 0.5 and 0.6 Nm.
 - Note 2) The orientation of the connector can be changed in steps of 90° by changing the method of assembling the housing and the terminal block.



® 374



VXF2/VXFA2 Series **Specific Product Precautions 4**

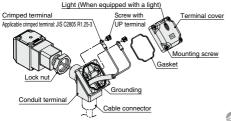
Be sure to read this before handling the products. Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 17 to 19 for 2 Port Solenoid Valve for Fluid Control Precautions.

	e For Dust Collector A2 Series	- 0/0			
	•	VX2			
Electrical C	connections	VXK			
∆ Caution ∆ Caution					
Internal connections are as shown below. Make connections to	Conduit terminal	VXD			
the power supply accordingly.	Make connections according to the marks shown below.	VXZ			
$\frac{1:+}{(-)}$	Use the tightening torques below for each section. Properly seal the terminal connection (G1/2) with the special wiring conduit etc. <u>Terminal cover</u> Round head combination screw				
Grounding					
	M3 Tightening torque 0.5 to 0.6 N·m				
Terminal no.12DIN terminal $+ (-)$ $- (+)$					
* There is no polarity.	and G1/2				
Conduit terminal					
1. Loosen the mounting screw, and remove the terminal cover from the conduit terminal.	Round head combination screw M3 Tightening torque 0.5 to 0.6 N·m Conduit terminal	VX3			
Wiring	View A-A // Contact Communication	VXA			
 Insert the cable into the conduit terminal. Loosen the screw with UP terminal of the conduit terminal, then 	■ Conduit				

2. Loose insert the core wire or the crimped terminal of the lead wire into the terminal, and securely fix it with the screw with UP terminal. Note 1) Tighten the screw to a torgue of between 0.5 and 0.6 N·m.

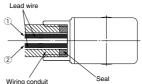
Assembly

- 1. Insert the gasket into the conduit terminal, and then clamp the terminal cover with the mounting screw.
 - Note 1) Tighten the screw to a torque of between 0.5 and 0.6 N·m. Note 2) When changing the orientation of the conduit terminal, carry out the following procedure.
 - 1. Apply a tool (monkey wrench, spanner, etc.) to the width across flats of the conduit terminal, and turn the terminal in the counterclockwise direction.
 - 2. Loosen the lock nut.
 - 3. Turn the conduit terminal in the clamping direction (clockwise direction) to about 15° ahead of the desired position.
 - 4. Turn the lock nut by hand to the coil side until it is lightly tightened.
 - 5. Apply a tool to the width across flats of the conduit terminal, and turn it to the desired position (through an angle of about 15°) so as to clamp the conduit terminal. Note) When changing the orientation by applying additional tightening force to the
 - conduit terminal from the factory-set position, turn no more than one half a turn.



When used as an IP65 equivalent, use seal to install the wiring conduit. Also, use the tightening torgue below for the conduit.

Class B coil: AWG20 Outside insulator diameter of 2.5 mm



(Port size G1/2 Tightening torque 0.5 to 0.6 N·m)

Rated voltage	Lead wire color			
haleu vollage	1	2		
DC	Black	Red		
100 VAC	Blue	Blue		
200 VAC	Red	Red		
Other AC	Gray	Gray		

* There is no polarity.

SMC

Description	Part no.		
Seal	VCW20-15-6		

Note) Please order separately.



Be sure to read this before handling the products.

Refer to back page 50 for Safety Instructions and pages 17 to 19 for 2 Port Solenoid Valve for Fluid Control Precautions.

2 Port Solenoid Valve For Dust Collector VXF2/VXFA2 Series

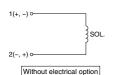
Electrical Circuits

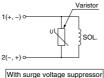
∧ Caution

[DC circuit]

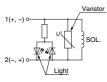
Grommet, Flat terminal

Grommet, DIN terminal Conduit terminal. Conduit





DIN terminal, Conduit terminal



With light and surge voltage suppressor

[AC circuit]

Grommet, DIN terminal Conduit terminal. Conduit

DIN terminal. Conduit terminal

Varistor





Without electrical option

Light With light and surge voltage suppressor

Dedicated Controller For Operation VXFC Series

Wiring

∧ Warning

1. The controller starts its output the moment the power switch is turned ON. Be aware that even if the power switch is turned OFF, power is connected to the terminal block.

A Caution

- 1. Make sure that the power supply voltage to be input matches the voltage in the controller's specifications. The power supply voltage that has been input becomes the voltage that is output to the solenoid valves.
- 2. Connect a ground that is rated Class 3 or greater to the power supply terminal block's FG.
- 3. If the power source is DC, use caution to its polarity. If the polarity is incorrect, it may result in a malfunction or damage.
- 4. For details, refer to the separate Operation Manual.
- 5. The solenoid valve mounted on the controller should be equipped with a surge voltage suppressor.

Operating Environment

MWarning

1. Operate under conditions that are free of vibration and impact.

- 2. Operate in an ambient temperature range between 0°C and 50°C
- 3. Operate in an ambient humidity range between 45% to 85% (with no condensation).

